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Proportionate Operational EBITDAF shows Infratil's operating costs and its share of the EBITDAF of the companies it has invested in, excluding renewable development companies (Gurīn Energy, Galileo, Mint Renewables). It excludes discontinued operations, acquisition or sale-related transaction costs and management incentive fees. EBITDAF represents consolidated net earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, financial derivative movements, revaluations, and gains or losses on the sales of investments. Further information on how Infratil calculates Proportionate EBITDAF can be found in the Appendix.

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Infratil FY2025 Full Year Results Presentation

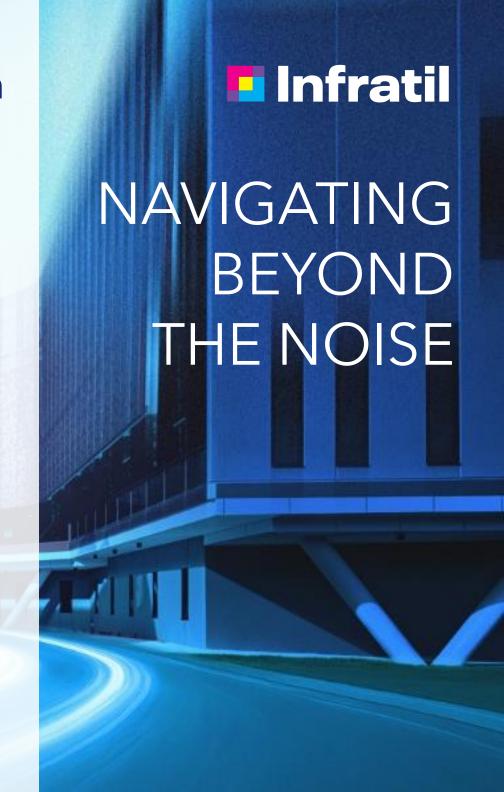


Jason Boyes - Infratil CEO



Andrew Carroll - Infratil CFO

01	PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW & FULL YEAR HIGHLIGHTS
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Infratil overview

We are an infrastructure investment company that actively invests in ideas that matter

Infratil (IFT.NZX, IFT.ASX)

- Market capitalisation of NZ\$10.0bn¹ (US\$5.8bn)
- S&P NZX50, ASX300, and MSCI Global Standard Index member
- Founded in 1994

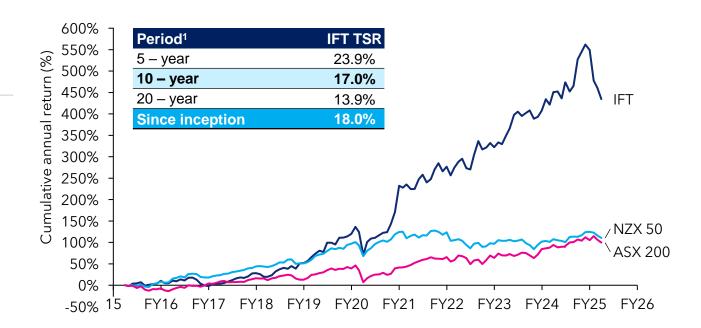
A unique value-add infrastructure investment company

- Current investments focused on four high conviction sectors;
 digital infrastructure, renewables, healthcare and airports
- Active portfolio construction and management with multiple pillars of value creation over time
- Unique management partnership with Morrison, benefitting from Morrison's extensive global capabilities

With a track record of delivering strong returns

 Infratil continues to outperform its target of shareholder returns of 11-15% per annum on a rolling 10-year basis

Infratil has delivered a 18% TSR since inception^{1,2}







Portfolio highlights

Through the noise, pleasing progress on multiple strategic initiatives



Merger of Contact Energy and Manawa is on track for completion in the first half of FY26 at an attractive valuation for both parties, bringing material portfolio flexibility and optionality



Acquired an additional stake in CDC alongside the Future Fund, increasing Infratil's governance rights. The transaction price, set through a competitive third-party process, implied a 30% uplift on CDC's prior independent valuation



Infratil added to both the MSCI Global Standard Index and the ASX300, broadening access to new global investors



One NZ exceeded guidance through disciplined execution in a challenging environment, with good progress on key strategic priorities



Longroad delivered its most significant year yet, with 1.3GW completed and a further 1GW+ under construction across the U.S.



Gurīn Energy's US\$2-3 billion Project Vanda received conditional approval from the Singapore Energy Market Authority and over 70% of land required secured

Group Assets

NZ\$18.3 billion¹

Up 29% from NZ\$14.2 billion at the end of FY24

Market Capitalisation

NZ\$10.0 billion1

incl. NZ\$1,275 million raised at \$10.15 a share

Available Capital

NZ\$1,438 million¹

Up from NZ\$820 million at the end of FY24



Sustainability highlights

Our focus on sustainability - part of investing wisely - is flowing through to ratings and real-world impacts



Infratil and key portfolio companies - One NZ, CDC, Wellington Airport, Kao Data and Manawa - released updated climate and sustainability disclosures during the period



Both One NZ and Wellington Airport have formally committed to setting Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) emissions reduction targets, joining Infratil in aligning with global best practice



Infratil has engaged with all portfolio companies using a new assessment framework developed by Morrison to mature their approach to managing modern slavery risk



FY25 GRESB assessments are underway, with Infratil and 100% of portfolio companies participating for the third year running. Infratil's FY2024 GRESB score was 86, up 4%



Engagement with ESG rating providers remains a priority, especially following Infratil's inclusion in the ASX300 and MSCI Global Standard Index - both of which heighten visibility and the relevance of ESG benchmarks



Infratil holds an MSCI ESG Rating of AA (up from A in July 2024). As of May 2024, Infratil's Morningstar Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating was 8.5 (Negligible Risk), compared to 43.9 in 2022

Health, Safety & Community

LTIFR¹ **0.6** (FY24: 0.7)

TRIFR¹ **1.2** (FY24: 1.2)

Community investment² \$3.8m (FY24: \$3.6m)

One NZ Emissions & e-waste

emissions (>7,000tCO₂e)
Scope 1&2 market-based

Scope 1&2 market-based emissions yoy

66 tonnes operational e-waste processed 97.5% diverted from landfill

Renewable Generation

6,460GWh

enough to power the equivalent of 900,000 New Zealand homes, up 7%









Financial performance highlights

Stronger operating results from key investments alongside accelerating portfolio capital expenditure

- Proportionate operational EBITDAF ¹ for was \$986 million which is towards the upper end of guidance
- Operating earnings growth reflects strong contributions from CDC, One NZ, RetireAustralia and Wellington Airport compared to the prior period. The uplift relative to FY24 also reflects a full period of One NZ ownership. Excluding Manawa and normalising FY24 for a full year of One NZ ownership, Operational EBITDAF increased 5.8% on FY24
- Proportionate development EBITDAF for the period was a loss of \$69 million, an increase of 56% on prior year as development platforms continue to invest
- Proportionate capex increased to \$2.4 billion, up 39% from FY24, driven primarily by increased development at CDC
- Infratil directly invested \$939 million into assets in the year. The largest investment in the period was \$494 million into CDC

Proportionate operational EBITDAF (NZ\$m)



Proportionate operational EBITDAF

\$986 million
Up 8.6% from FY24

Proportionate development EBITDAF

(\$69 million)

Up 56% from FY24

Proportionate capital expenditure

\$2,389 million

Up 39% from FY24

Infratil investment

\$939 million

Down 58% from FY24

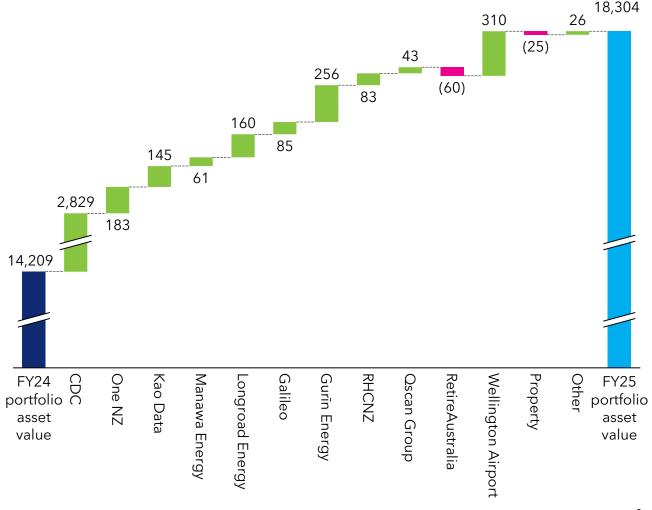


Valuation & incentive fees

Recent transaction has provided an updated lens on CDC's value

- Infratil's total portfolio asset value has increased to \$18.3 billion, a \$4.1 billion increase over the FY2024 portfolio asset valuation of \$14.2 billion
- this includes \$938.6 million of direct investment by Infratil
- Infratil has accrued a \$350.6 million incentive fee, primarily driven by the outperformance of CDC and Gurīn, offset by Longroad Energy and RetireAustralia, which is payable over three years
 - o The CDC valuation has increased by 64% on the prior year driven by material contract wins, an equity raise, and in the last quarter an auction process involving third parties establishing a new valuation benchmark
 - The carrying value of RetireAustralia was reviewed against market-based comparables and other benchmarks at 31 March 2025 to estimate the fair value of Infratil's investment. The current valuation implies a price to book multiple of 0.74x
- An incentive fee of \$202 million is payable to Morrison in FY2026,
 \$80 million of which will be paid via the issue of Infratil scrip
- More information including the basis for the valuations is included in the appendix of this pack

Portfolio asset valuation (NZ\$m)





Final dividend

Final unimputed dividend of 13.25 cps, brings the total FY25 dividend to 20.5 cps, up 2.5% from FY24

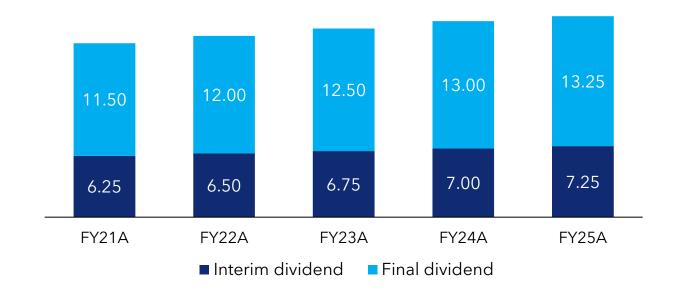
Final unimputed dividend of 13.25 cents per share

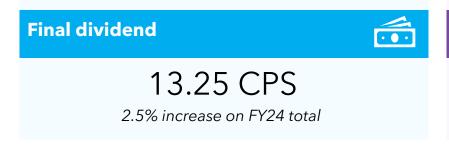
- Record date of 12 June 2025 (ex-dividend date of 11 June 2025)
- Payment date of 2 July 2025
- The NZD/AUD exchange rate used for the payment of Australian dollar dividends will be set on 12 June 2025

Dividend reinvestment plan (DRP)

- There will be a 2% discount offered for the FY25 final dividend
- Dividend reinvestment plan application forms must be in by 13 June 2025
- Trading period for setting price for DRP is 16 June 2025 to 30 June 2025. DRP strike price will be announced on 1 July 2025

Ordinary dividends (CPS)













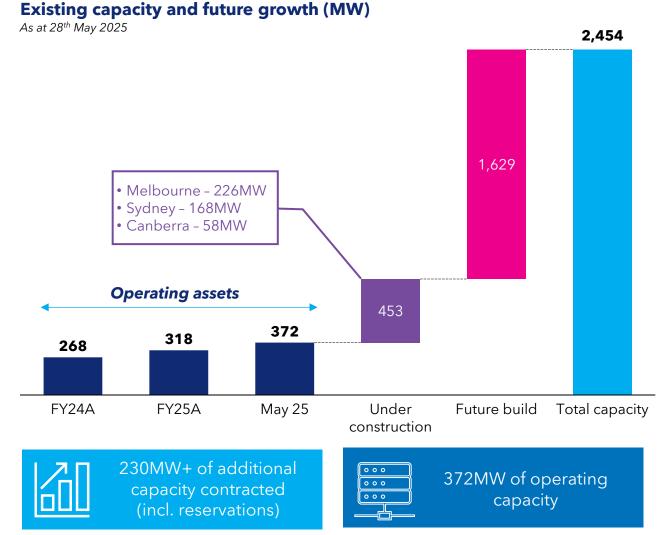




Record contracting year, significant build programme on track

Year in review

- EBITDAF for the year was A\$330 million, up A\$59 million (22%) from the prior year, driven by commissioning across Melbourne and New Zealand and higher utilisation across existing data centres
- Record contracting year, securing over 230MW of new customer contracts, of which a little over half are in the form of reservations, across multiple geographies
- CDC now delivers, or is contracted to deliver, capacity to all the top Western global cloud service providers establishing trusted relationships that support further contract wins
- Weighted Average Lease Expiry including customer options remained strong at ~30 years
- 104MW has become operational and a further 141MW¹ has commenced construction, including Marsden Park, one of the largest data centre campuses in the Southern Hemisphere, and Laverton, CDC's second campus in Victoria
- These campuses have the potential to add ~1GW of capacity between them, contributing to the forecast build capacity to 2034 doubling from 1.2GW to 2.5GW
- Strong support from lenders and investors, with A\$2.4 billion raised through a combination of debt (A\$1.5 billion) and equity (A\$900 million) to fund expanding development pipeline





℃ CDC

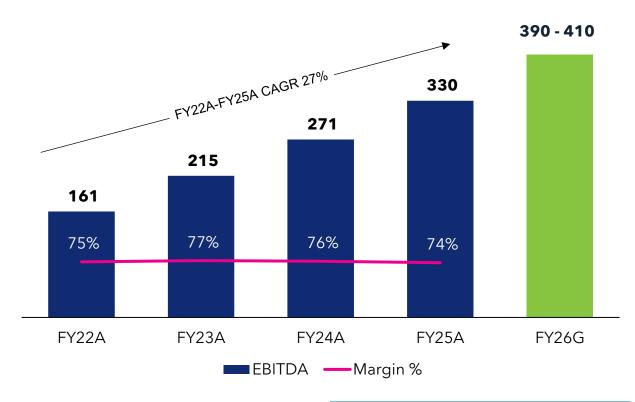


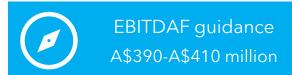
Well set for strong multi-year growth as data centre demand continues to expand

Outlook

- FY2026 EBITDAF guidance of A\$390 million-A\$410 million, up 21% at the midpoint, as rephasing by customers pushed some growth in to FY2027
- As a result of this and new contracts signed last year, CDC expects to double its EBITDAF over the next two years (FY2026/27), with approximately 80% of forecast revenue contracted
- Significant build programme continues, with 453MW under construction as at May 2025, with the potential for up to five data centres to become revenue generating over the next 12 months
- FY2026 capital expenditure guidance of A\$1.6 billion-A\$1.8 billion, in line with customer rephasing
- Have not contracted all of the 400MW expressed in June 2024; however, CDC sees demand moving rather than disappearing
- Deep pipeline of customer engagements continues: from advanced negotiations to earlier stage conversations, as customer requirements and customer types are constantly evolving
- Outlook for data centre demand remains robust, and CDC remains well positioned to capture growth in cloud and AI workloads
- CDC's strength across Government and National Critical Infrastructure customers continues to be an important point of difference
- Infratil expects to commit ~A\$250 million within the next 12 months to fund the future build, alongside similar amounts from the other shareholders and CDC's ongoing debt funding programme

EBITDAF (A\$m) & Margin (%)







80% of forecast revenue over the next two years is contracted





⋄ One NZ

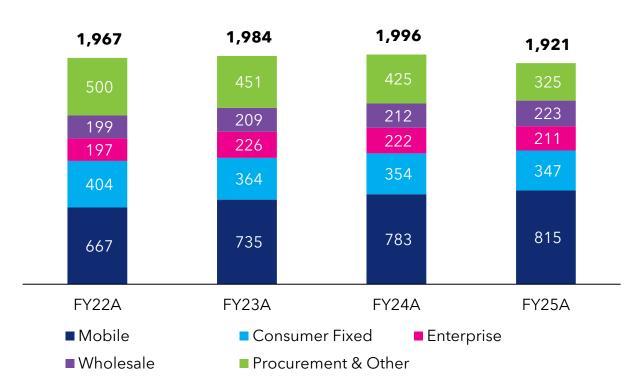


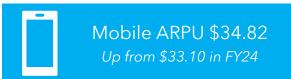
Disciplined execution in a challenging environment, supported by simplification and cost control

Year in review

- EBITDAF of \$604.8 million, up 1% on the prior year and slightly ahead of guidance midpoint, despite a challenging economic backdrop. EBITDAF margin improved to 31%
- Recurring revenue up \$25 million on prior year, with strong contributions from Consumer Mobile and Wholesale segments
- Performance partially offset by expected declines in legacy fixed services and ongoing competition in parts of the Enterprise segment
- Supported by continued execution on cost discipline and simplification
- Improved cash flow position after absorbing one off spend associated with DEFEND investment and Dense Air spectrum
- Satellite TXT, launched in December 2024 in partnership with SpaceX, now has 380k+ active users, sending over 12,000 messages/day, providing unmatched emergency and rural coverage
- Executed mobile product simplification, consolidating legacy postpay plans and expanding the One Wallet loyalty programme to drive retention
- EonFibre launched, now the second-largest B2B fibre provider in NZ, with EBITDAF of approximately \$50 million
- Al acceleration programme established to enhance service and operational efficiency
- IT transformation programme on track, delivering Phase 1 focused on prepay and setting the foundation for future simplification and efficiency

Revenue (NZ\$m)









⋄ One NZ

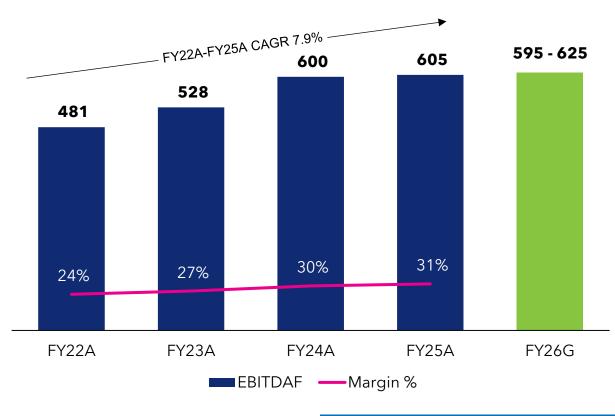


Well-placed to capture operational upside from T-One, AI and simplification initiatives

Outlook

- EBITDAF guidance of \$595-\$625 million, up ~1% on FY2025, reflecting ongoing growth in Consumer Mobile - leveraging investment in SpaceX and One Wallet - and Wholesale, supported by ongoing cost management and continued ARPU uplift through pricing adjustments
- Guidance is inclusive of circa \$25 million of incremental discretionary expenditure on SpaceX, Al acceleration and property relocation costs
- Capital expenditure guidance (excluding spectrum and head office relocation capex) of \$235-\$265 million. Capital intensity is expected to normalise to ~11% over the medium term as network and IT investment tapers
- Disciplined 5G rollout remains a focus, with 62% population coverage as at March 2025. 3G network shutdown, targeted from December 2025, will free up spectrum to enhance mobile network performance and efficiency
- Continuing to target mid-30% EBITDAF margins in the medium term, underpinned by scale benefits, product simplification, and long-term cost efficiency
- IT transformation remains a key enabler, with benefits including lower operating costs and improved customer experience. Product rationalisation and customer migration to in-market plans are well progressed
- Al initiatives, including working with partners to deploy Al agents at scale, will further lift operational productivity and service quality

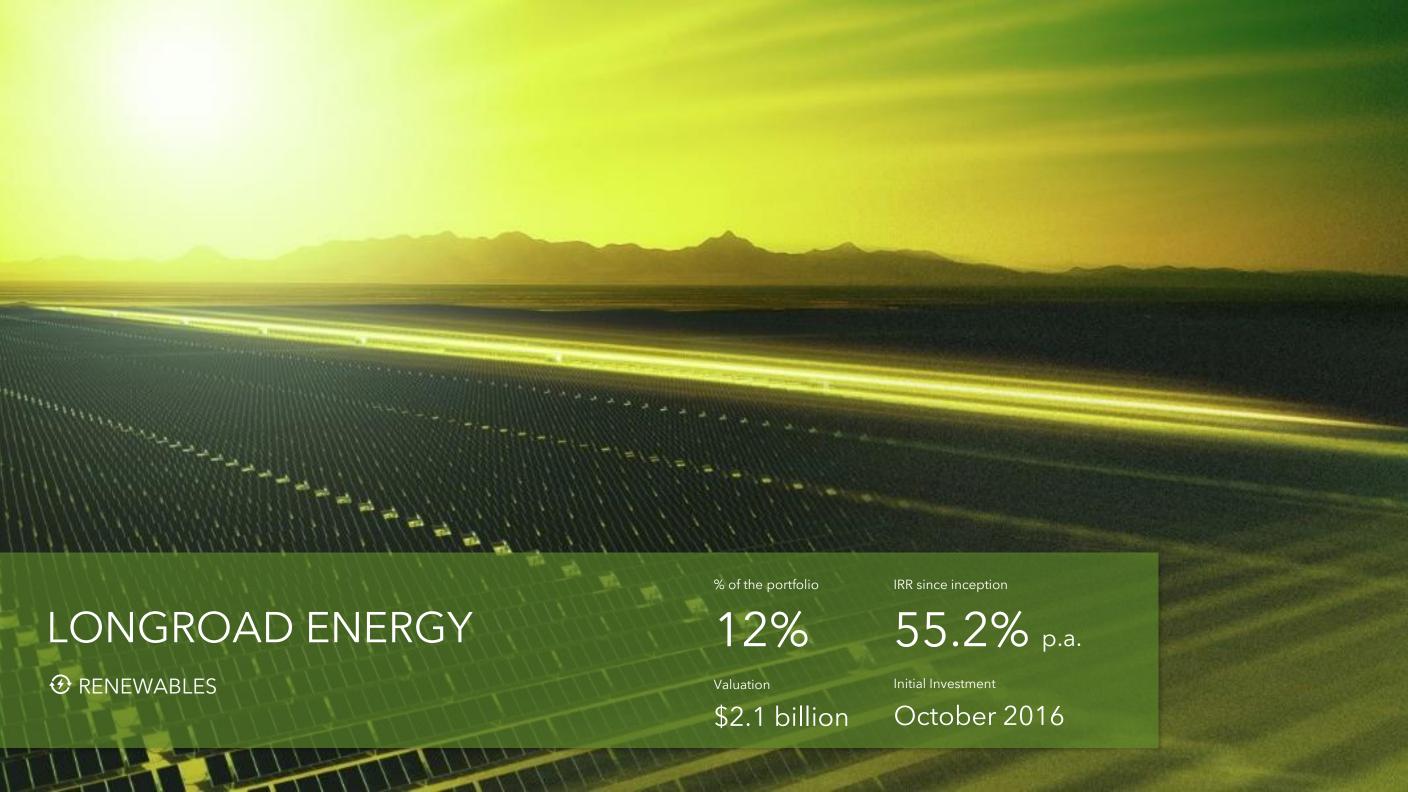
EBITDAF (NZ\$m) & Margin (%)















Record year completing 1.4GW of construction, and positioning for further growth

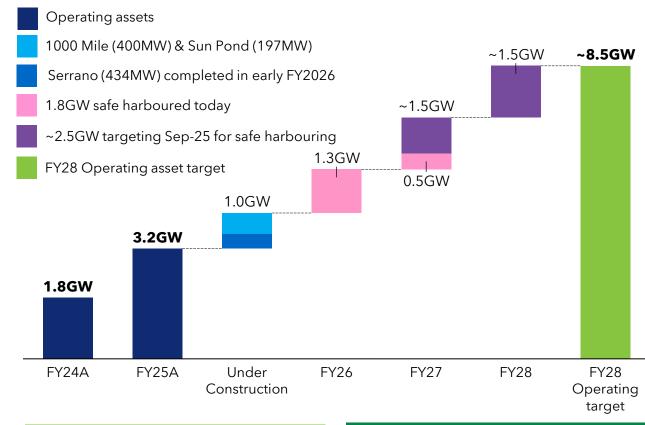
Year in review

- EBITDAF of US\$45 million¹, down US\$11 million (19%) from the prior year, primarily driven by prior year outperformance from the Prospero 1 & 2 projects
- Revenue arrangements signed for 1.4GW of new projects, with 400MW under construction and the remaining 1.0GW expected to close by end of FY2026. A further 0.5GW is in advanced negotiation expected to close in FY2027 (total of 1.9GW)

Construction and safe harbouring progress

- Construction momentum continues, with 1.4GW completed during the year, 434MW (Serrano) completed in early FY2026, and a further 0.6GW (1000 Mile - 400MW, Sun Pond - 197MW) forecast to reach completion in late FY2026/early FY2027
- Longroad has been preparing for Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) reform by safe harbouring FY2026/27 projects preserving access to existing tax credits. Based on legislation passed last week:
- All FY2026 projects (1.3GW) and 0.5GW of FY2027 already safe harboured, working to complete safe harbouring all FY2027 and 2028 projects by September (additional ~2.5GW)
- Confident can meet new placed in service deadline of 31 December 2028 for ~2.4GW of FY2026/27 projects, some uncertainty on remaining ~0.4GW and FY2028
- Whilst the Big Beautiful Bill has passed the House, it remains subject to Senate changes - positive or negative
- Impact of Liberation Day tariffs on Longroad expected to be minimal except battery storage (BESS), which relies heavily on Chinese imports. Looking to use current tariff pause to import BESS for FY2026 projects (~0.4GW). FY2027 includes ~0.5GW of BESS. Higher PPA pricing likely required to maintain project economics on BESS

Construction and safe harbouring progress (GW)





1.4GW of new generation completed in FY25



0.6GW across three projects under construction



. For the year ended 31 March 2025



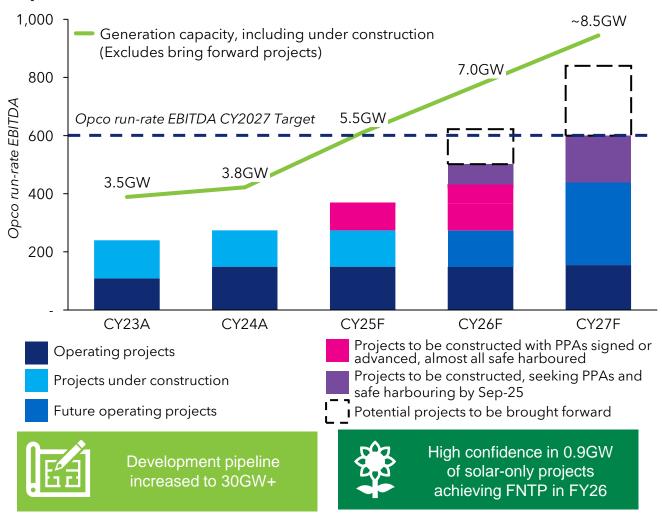


Earnings growth arrives, with more to come, although significant volatility to navigate

Outlook

- FY2026 EBITDAF guidance of US\$110 million-US\$120 million¹, up 155% at the midpoint
- Targeting Opco run-rate EBITDA² at 31 March 2026 of ~US\$370 million, driven by:
- ~US\$60 million from the full year contribution of projects that just achieved operations and the current under construction projects;
- ~US\$95 million from the 1.3GW of capacity that is projected to close and start construction during the year; and
- Add back of ~US\$100 million of all corporate overheads and development related costs (split 50/50)
- Projecting to reach Opco run-rate EBITDA target of US\$600 million by December 2027 with 8.5GW (vs 9.5GW estimated in 2024), as project economics have improved. Still in reach, with CY2025/26 projects set to take the Opco run-rate EBITDA to ~US\$500 million
- Remaining ~US\$100 million requires a further ~1.5GW by FY2028/CY2027;
- Assessing another ~3GW+ of additional projects that could also potentially be brought forward, which would provide additional coverage
- Although significant volatility to be navigated, market fundamentals remain strong. US power demand growth continues at historical highs, supporting PPA volumes and pricing to maintain project economics, particularly for BESS. Solar remains the cheapest and fastest additional source of generation, and needed to meet demand

Opco run-rate EBITDA² (US\$m)





Guidance prepared in alignment with the Infratil financial year of 31 March 2026







First project has reached operation and revenue generation showing a step change in maturity

Year in review

- Delivered first operational project, the 75MW Palauig Solar Power Plant in the Philippines. The project is 100% owned and underpinned by a 20-year PPA
- Advanced development of two additional solar projects in the Philippines, including a 39MW project now in construction and a 70MW project at earlystage development
- Significant progress on Project Vanda (US\$2-3 billion capex, 2.2GW of installed solar capacity and 1.2GW of battery storage), including receipt of a conditional licence and securing over 70% of land required
- Expanded presence in Japan, opening a local office and progressing a 500MW battery storage pipeline with grid access secured for the first 240MW project

Outlook

- Although still highly conditional, Project Vanda remains a priority, requiring
 US\$500 million of equity but with potential to create US\$500 million+ of value
- Targeting final investment decision late 2025 and financial close in the first half of 2026. Next steps include critical Indonesian and final Singapore approvals, completing marine surveys, EPC contracting, and securing offtake and financing
- Strengthened governance with the appointment of former Indonesian Foreign Affairs Minister, Her Excellency Retno Marsudi as a Non-Executive Director
- Pipeline continues to grow, with diligence underway on over 1.3GW of potential solar and storage capacity across Thailand, the Philippines, and South Korea



The Palauig Solar Power Plant, Zambales Province, Philippines







Galileo Green Energy



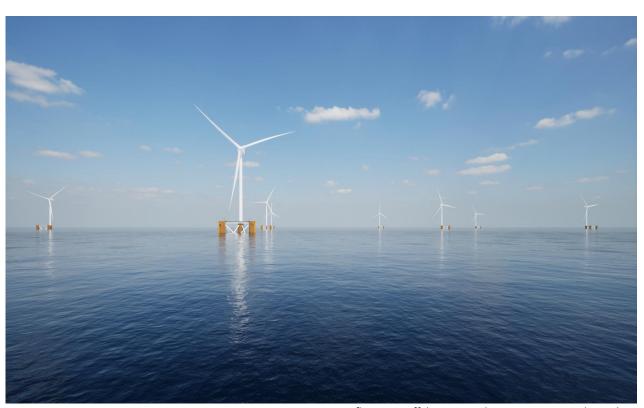
First project exit marks a new phase of growth as pipeline scales across Europe

Year in review

- Increased pipeline to 16.1GW across 10 European markets covering PV (27%), BESS (26%), onshore wind (36%), and offshore wind (11%) technologies
- Demonstrated value realisation and capital recycling through the sale of smaller solar PV projects in Italy, an equity stake in rooftop solar platform Enviria (Germany), and a 40MW BESS project in the UK
- Advanced negotiations underway for a further 100MW BESS sale in Italy
- Barium Bay, a 1,100MW floating offshore wind project in Italy, has received Environmental Impact Assessment approval the largest approval to date

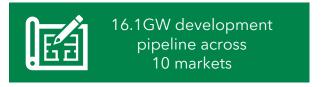
Outlook

- Demand for renewables in Europe is expected to continue, supported by increased power needs from AI and data centres, rising energy and data sovereignty, and ongoing net zero policy commitments
- Galileo's development-stage pipeline remains largely insulated from current trade and tariff risks, with flexible procurement and minimal near-term supply chain exposure
- Focus remains on advancing its high-quality, technology-diverse pipeline while selectively crystallising value through asset sales and partnerships
- Construction to begin shortly on two solar PV projects in Italy totalling 8MW



Barium Bay floating offshore wind project (internal render)







⋄ Kao Data



Near-term capacity and Al-ready design position Kao to capture demand in a constrained London market

Year in review

- EBITDAF of £4.3 million, up from (£2.6) million in the prior period, driven by improved data centre utilisation
- Against a backdrop of more deliberate customer leasing, ability to offer nearterm availability in a constrained London market is a key differentiator
- Evolved 'engineered for Al' design for new developments, enabling nextgeneration high-density compute with hybrid cooling solutions
- All of the completed phases of KLON-02 have been sold to customers with strong pipeline for the remaining phases (6.6MW) completing in 2025
- Commenced expansion of Harlow campus with KLON-03, a 17.6MW facility designed for GPU-accelerated AI workloads and rack densities of up to 130kW

Outlook

- Positioned for continued growth with strategic expansions, capitalising on sector tailwinds including increasing cloud and AI adoption, evolution of GPUaaS cloud, supply constraints and a renewed focus of the UK government to seize and invest in the AI opportunity
- Data centre portfolio now exceeds 125MW of capacity across operational, under-development, and planned future builds
- Manchester site development continues alongside advancing customer conversations



Kao Data Harlow Campus





72MW development pipeline





RHCNZ Medical Imaging



Earnings growth underpinned by new clinics and a continued shift toward higher-value modalities

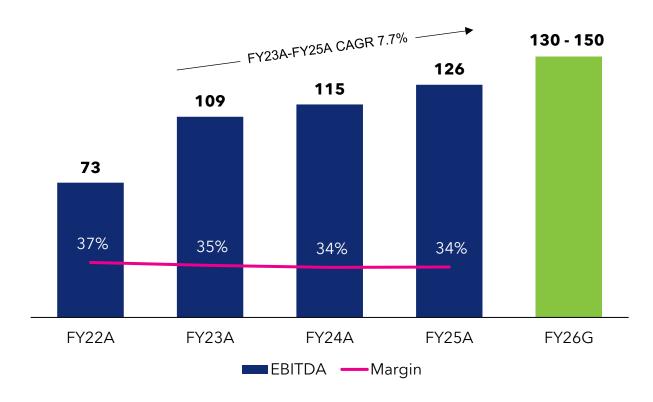
Year in review

- EBITDAF for the year was \$125.9 million, up from \$115 million (9%) on the prior year, driven by strong organic volume growth, a continued shift towards higher-value modalities, and the opening of new clinics
- Focus on enhancing strategic relationships with key funders, operational efficiency drivers, including continued investment in technology capability and rollout of several AI applications
- Three new clinics have opened: two in Hamilton and one in Tauranga New Zealand's largest comprehensive radiology site, including PET-CT capability

Outlook

- FY2026 EBITDAF guidance of \$130 million-\$150 million, up 11% at the midpoint
- Engaged in constructive discussions with its three major funders ACC, Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora, and Southern Cross Healthcare
- New flagship clinics in Auckland and Dunedin Central will strengthen RHCNZ's presence in key urban markets, supporting both public and private demand
- Rollout of single-worklist functionality and additional AI-enabled workflow enhancements to support radiologist efficiency and experience
- Further collaboration with Oscan, capturing the benefits of scale to expand opportunities in teleradiology, which is experiencing significant demand

EBITDAF (NZ\$m) & Margin (%)





164 radiologists *Up 1 from FY24*



72 clinics
Stable from FY24







Strong performance driven by technology-enabled innovation to enhance productivity and experience

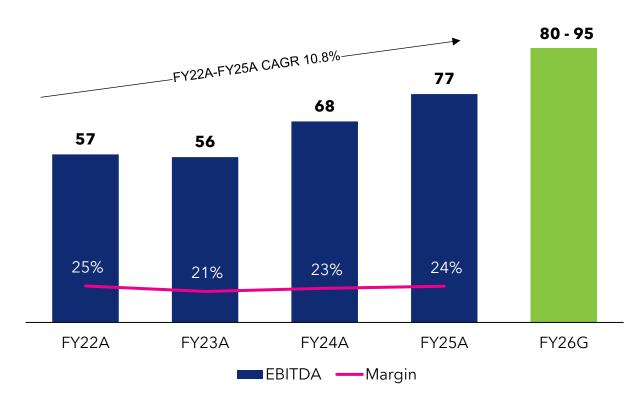
Year in review

- EBITDAF for the year was A\$77.2 million, up A\$9 million (14%) from the prior year, driven by:
- Yield expansion, supported by Medicare indexation, a continued shift towards higher-value modalities, and a revised pricing strategy
- Productivity gains, supported by Qscan's Al-enabled reporting platform, operating leverage, and improved workforce efficiency
- Strong growth in Oscan's radiologist workforce, reflecting the business's reputation as a high-quality, technology-enabled workplace of choice
- Successful refinancing of A\$445 million debt facility and meaningful distribution to shareholders, reflecting momentum and thoughtful capital management

Outlook

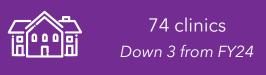
- FY2026 EBITDAF guidance of A\$80 million-A\$95 million, up 14% at the midpoint
- Further development of Oscan's technology platform, with continued Al integration to enhance productivity and improve the experience for doctors, referrers, patients, and staff
- Recent Government policy settings reinforce the long-term outlook with Medicare indexation increases confirmed for FY2026
- Delivery of strategic growth initiatives, including greenfield and brownfield developments, acquisitions, and expansion of the teleradiology platform

EBITDAF (A\$m) & Margin (%)





164 radiologists *Up 29 from FY24*









High occupancy and resident satisfaction reflect strong demand for quality retirement living

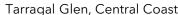
Year in review

- Underlying profit¹ reached A\$80 million, an A\$1.0 million increase on the prior year supported by strong resale performance and village price increases, offset by lower development settlements
- 430 settlements were completed 374 resales and 56 new development unit settlements. Resales down from prior year due to limited stock availability
- Resale proceeds averaged A\$205k per unit, up from A\$191k in FY24, reflecting strategic pricing and unit mix. New unit prices exceeded A\$1 million on average
- Portfolio occupancy remains high at 96.2%, with waitlists across 26 of 29 villages, reflecting sustained demand
- Resident satisfaction remains high with 87% of residents and 88% of home care customers satisfied with village life and home care services respectively
- Completed a major milestone The Verge at Burleigh, a 168-apartment village featuring RetireAustralia's first integrated Care Hub

Outlook

- Development pipeline exceeds 750 units, with 187 units currently under construction across three active projects: Tarragal Glen, Carlyle Gardens, and the new Arcadia Retirement Living community in Yeronga
- FY26 settlement guidance of 450-475 units, including 75-85 new development settlements as remaining units at The Verge and The Green are sold down and the Tarragal Glen expansion completes







29 villages



96.2% occupancy







Despite challenges with passenger volumes, PSE5 and diversified income streams supported growth

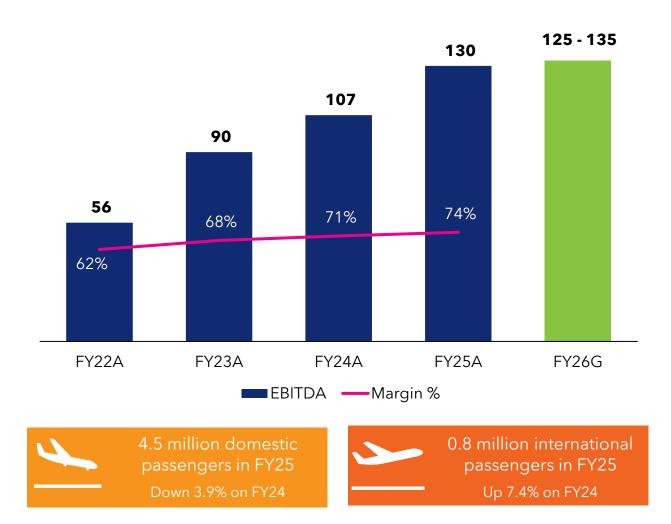
Year in review

- EBITDAF for the year was \$130.2 million, up \$23 million (22%) from the prior year, driven by:
- Strong international recovery, with passenger volumes up 7.4%, and expanded seat capacity on Brisbane and Melbourne routes
- Improved commercial returns across aeronautical and non-aeronautical income streams, supported by key new tenants in the property portfolio
- \$117.4 million of capital expenditure delivered in the year, including progress on EMAS runway safety system, new carpark, terminal and retail upgrades, and enabling works for future expansion
- Successful \$125 million retail bond issue and expanded bank facilities to fund transformational infrastructure investment

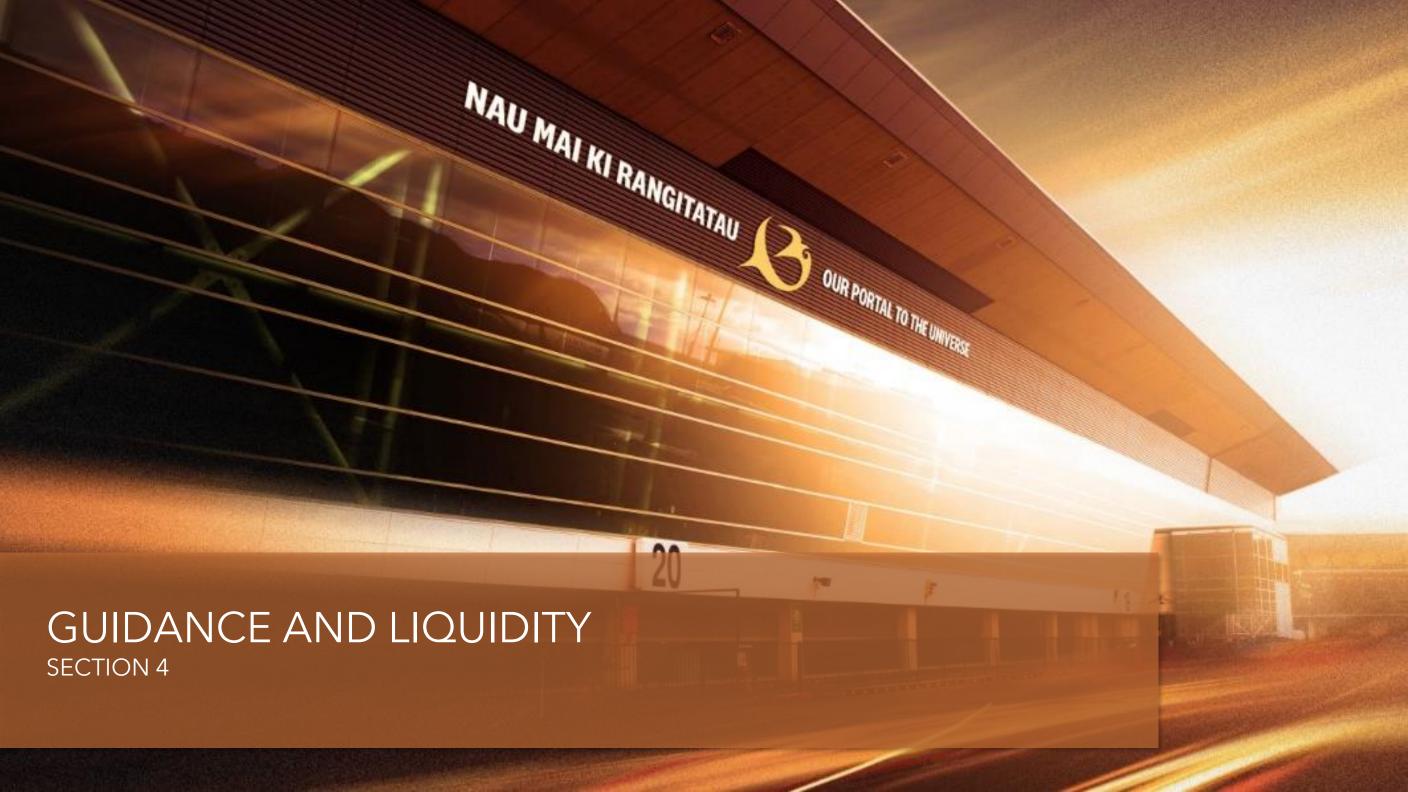
Outlook

- FY2026 EBITDAF guidance of \$125 million-\$135 million, flat at the midpoint
- FY2026 expected to see continued international growth, while domestic recovery remains constrained by airline fleet availability
- Staged delivery of 5-year, \$500 million infrastructure programme underway, including EMAS runway safety system, new car park, upgraded terminal and new Airport Fire Station

EBITDAF (NZ\$m) & Margin (%)







FY2026 Guidance - Proportionate EBITDAF

FY2026 Proportionate Operational EBITDAF guidance range set at NZ\$1,000 to \$1,050 million

Proportionate Operational EBITDAF guidance

- FY2026 guidance up circa 9% on FY2025 (normalised for Manawa Energy)
- Key guidance assumptions (at 100%) include:
- CDC EBITDAF of A\$390 million-A\$410 million
- One NZ EBITDAF of \$595 million-\$625 million
- Longroad Energy EBITDAF of US\$110 million-US\$120 million
- Wellington Airport EBITDAF of \$125 million-\$135 million
- Oscan EBITDAF of A\$80 million-\$95 million
- RHCNZ EBITDAF of \$130 million-\$150 million
- Corporate costs of \$125 million-\$135 million

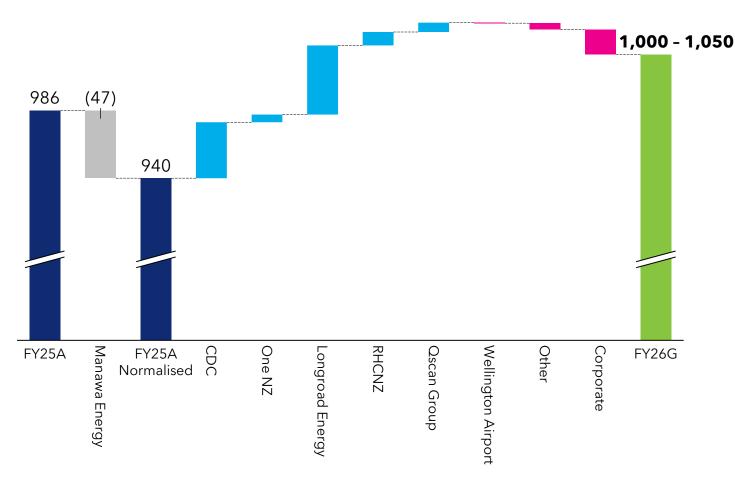
Proportionate Development EBITDAF Guidance

Manawa Energy

 Gurīn, Galileo, and Mint development costs at an EBITDAF loss of NZ\$85-\$105 million (IFT Share)

Proportionate Operational EBITDAF (NZ\$m)

Data points are shown at the midpoint of guidance - and should therefore be considered indicative





The following forecast exchanges rates are assumed for the purposes of currency translation in the guidance calculation NZD/AUD 0.9066, NZD/USD 0.5693, NZD/EUR 0.5397, and NZD/GBP 0.4626
 Guidance is based on Infratil management's current expectations and assumptions about trading performance, is subject to risks and uncertainties, and dependent on prevailing market conditions continuing throughout the outlook period. Guidance is based on Infratil's continuing operations and excludes the impact of any transactions announced in the period. Note that guidance excludes

FY2026 Guidance - Proportionate Capital Expenditure

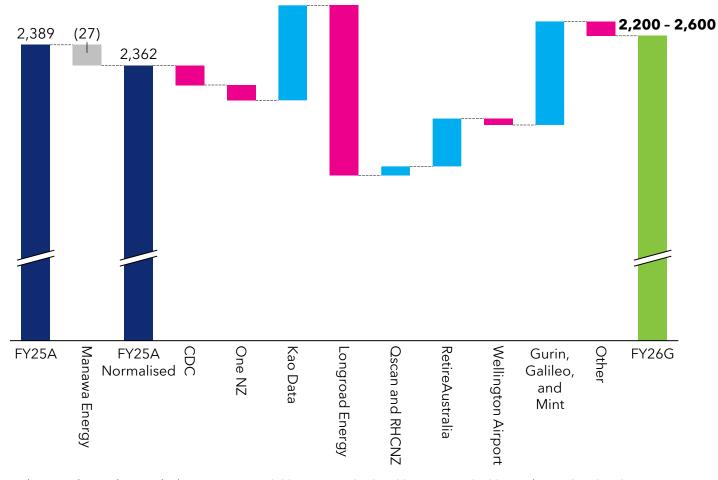
FY2026 Proportionate Capital Expenditure guidance range set at NZ\$2.2 billion to \$2.6 billion

Proportionate Capital Expenditure guidance

- Key guidance assumptions (at 100%) include:
- CDC capex of A\$1,600 million-A\$1,800 million
- One NZ capex of \$235 million-\$265 million
- Kao Data capex of £150 million-£200 million
- Longroad Energy capex of US\$800 million-US\$1,000 million
- Wellington Airport capex of \$90 million-\$120 million
- Oscan and RHCNZ capex of \$45 million-\$55 million (IFT Share)
- RetireAustralia capex of A\$210 million-A\$240 million
- Gurīn, Galileo, and Mint capex of \$200 million-\$250 million (IFT Share)

Proportionate Capital Expenditure (NZ\$m)

Data points are shown at the midpoint of guidance - and should therefore be considered indicative





^{1.} The following forecast exchanges rates are assumed for the purposes of currency translation in the guidance calculation NZD/AUD 0.9066, NZD/USD 0.5693, NZD/EUR 0.5397, and NZD/GBP 0.4626

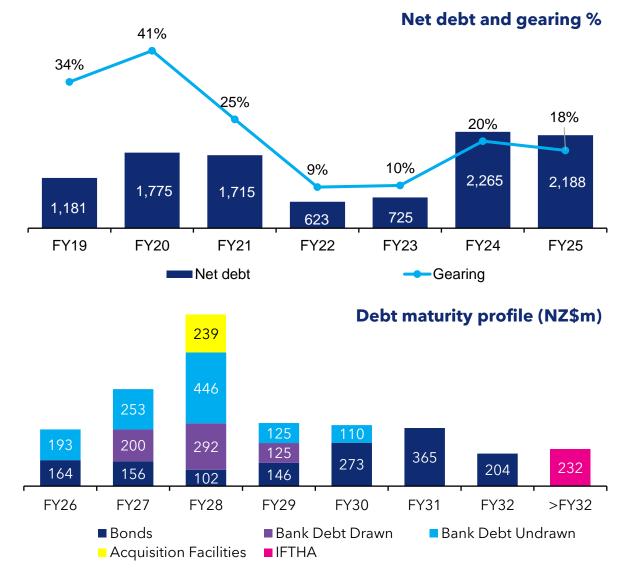
Guidance is based on Infratil management's current expectations and assumptions about trading performance, is subject to risks and uncertainties, and dependent on prevailing market conditions continuing throughout the outlook period. Note that guidance excludes Manawa Energy

Funding and liquidity

Strong credit profile and significant flexibility to support investment opportunities across the portfolio

- Significant balance sheet flexibility to support additional capital investment across FY2026/FY27
- \$170 million of net new bonds issued in FY25 with the issue of IFT350 and IFT360
- Weighted average cost of debt of 5.33% and a weighted average tenor of debt² of 3.2 years

31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
Net bank debt	\$791.8	\$544.8
Infrastructure bonds	\$1,241.1	\$1,411.1
Perpetual bonds	\$231.9	\$231.9
Total net debt	\$2,264.8	\$2,187.8
Market value of equity	\$9,066.7	\$10,048.7
Total capital	\$11,331.5	\$12,236.5
Gearing ¹	20.0%	17.9%
Undrawn bank facilities	\$800.9	\$1,365.6
100% subsidiaries cash	\$19.2	\$71.9
Liquidity available	\$820.1	\$1,437.5





Gearing is total net debt over total capital

Drawn debt excluding Perpetual IFTHAs



Restating our portfolio strategy and approach

Ideas that matter

Attractive global thematics

Infrastructure characteristics

Portfolio construction approach

Pillar 1: Cashflow generators

Scaled business with enough diversity for stability

Pillar 2: Mature growth platforms

Scaled businesses, more concentrated to drive returns

Pillar 3: Future growth platforms

Multiple smaller businesses that can scale to \$1bn+ over 3-5 years

Active portfolio management to maintain growth through cycles

- Drive operational excellence
- Dynamically allocate capital from cash flow generators to best 15%+ IRR growth opportunities
- Identify new opportunities and emerging trends to optimise cash flow and growth pillars
- Manage balance of cash flow and growth pillars and overall portfolio breadth as assets evolve

Target returns

11-15% p.a. target portfolio returns per annum over a rolling 10-year period

Realised 10-year return of 17% p.a., and 18% p.a. over 31 years since inception



Outlook and medium-term strategic objectives

Portfolio remains well-positioned for growth, with clear priorities ahead



Identify and scale our growth platforms beyond CDC and Longroad

Gurīn Energy and other opportunities are poised for growth Success would see CDC maintain its relative portfolio weighting



Divest businesses unlikely to scale under our ownership and reinvest

We expect over \$1 billion in proceeds



Balance Infratil's operating cash flow and dividends

Portfolio company distributions should cover fixed costs and dividends, supported by deleveraging, growing free cash flow from One NZ and the completion of CDC and Longroad's current build programmes

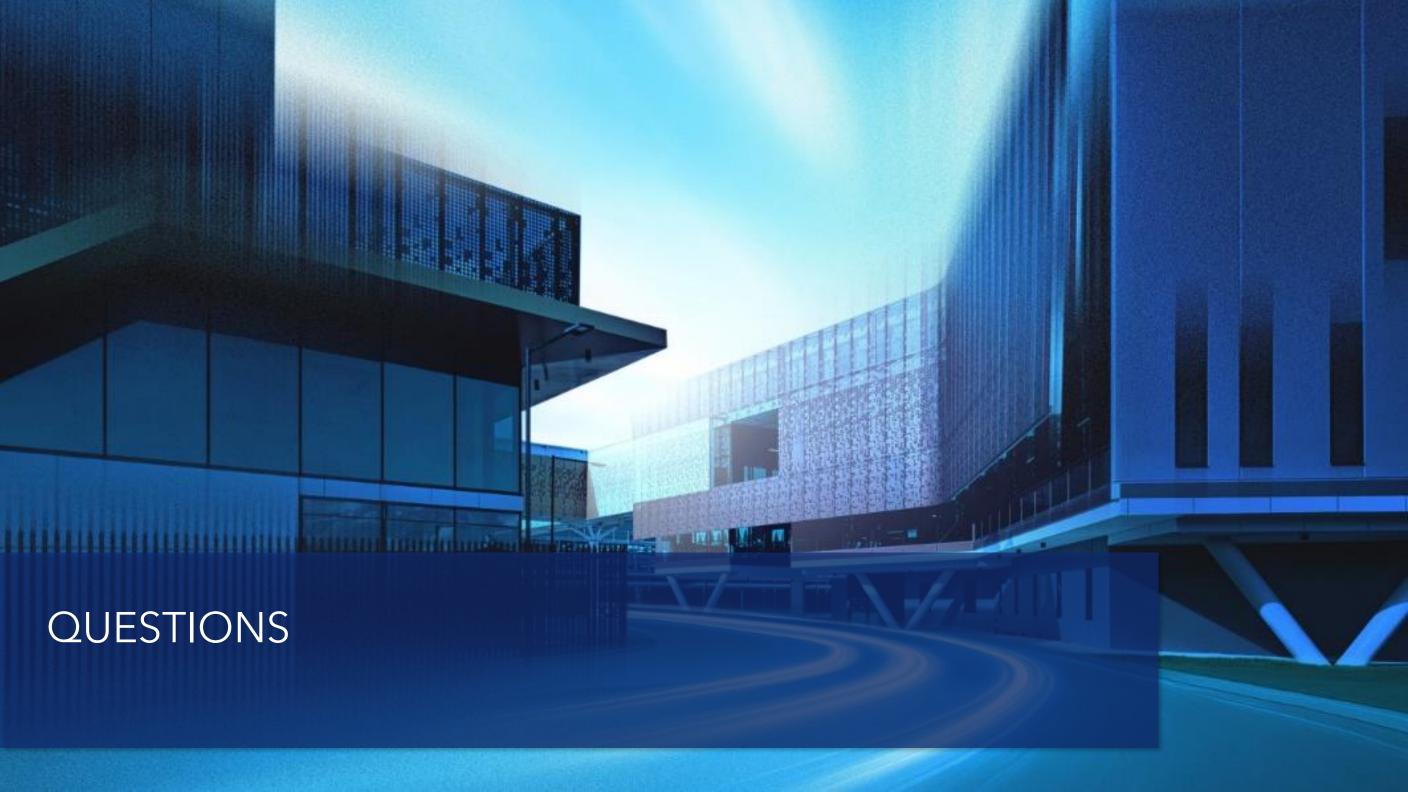
Expect incentive fees to be funded by investment realisations

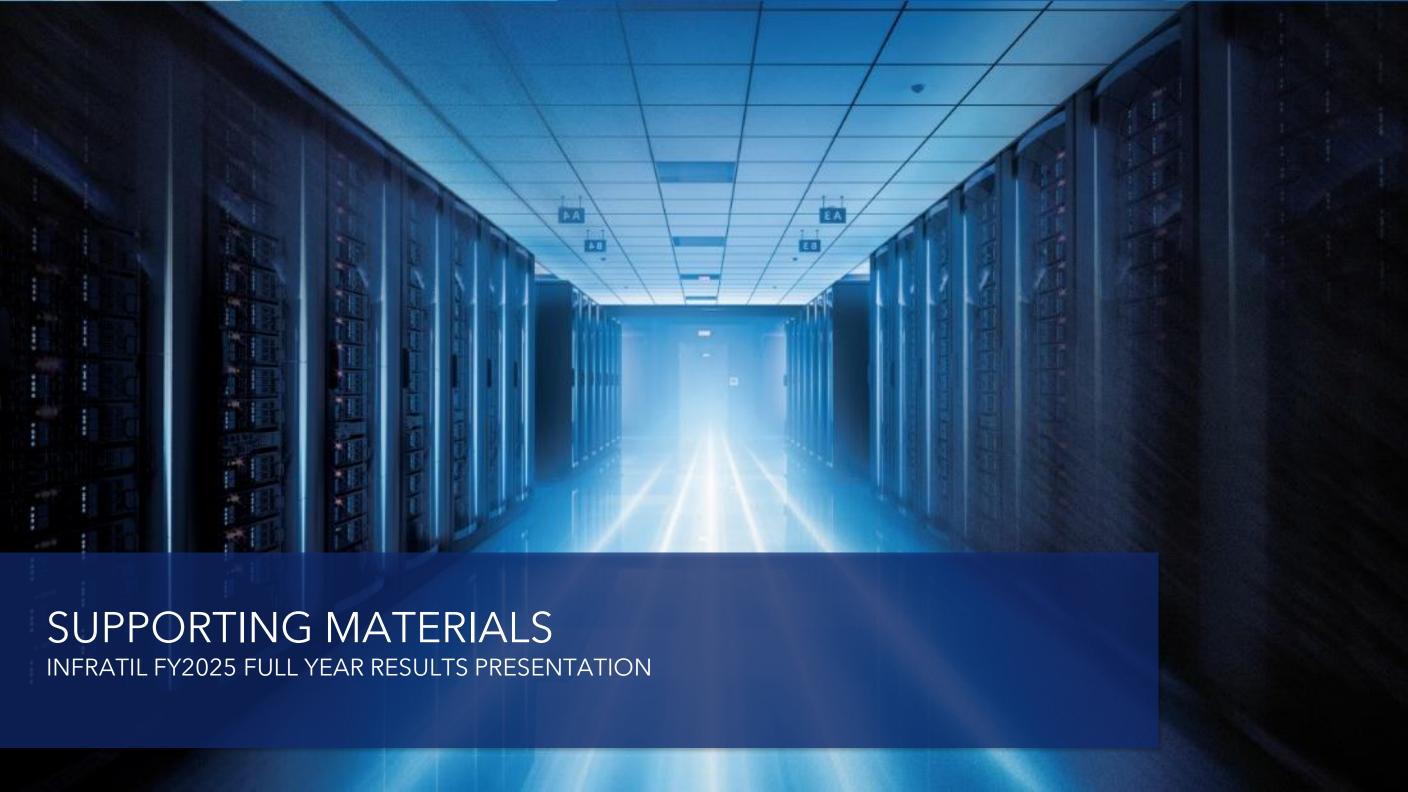


Continue to broaden our shareholder base to support future scale

Supported by inclusion in key global indices



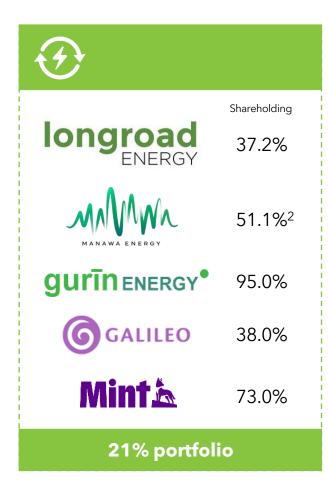


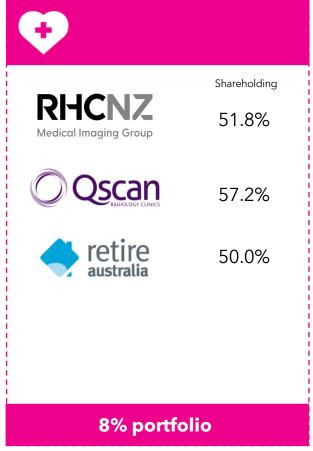


Portfolio composition at 31 March 2025

Focus on four high-conviction platforms, across a geographically diverse portfolio of companies

ે	
	Shareholding
	49.8% ¹
one.nz	99.9%
KAO DATA	54.0%
Fortysouth	20.0%
<u>CLEARVISION</u>	
66% portfo	lio









^{1.} Infratil has agreed to acquire an additional 1.58% of CDC's ordinary shares for A\$220.2 million, taking Infratil's ownership on settlement to 49.8%

Net asset value

- The table represent Infratil's proportionate share of an asset's independent valuation, market value, or book value
- CDC, One NZ, Kao Data, Longroad Energy, Gurin Energy, Galileo, Mint Renewables, Qscan, RHCNZ Medical Imaging, and Wellington Airport reflect the midpoint of 31 March 2025 independent valuations
- The fair value of Manawa Energy is shown based on the market price per the NZX as at 31 March 2025 (\$4.93)
- Fortysouth, Clearvision and Property reflect their accounting book values as at 31 March 2025
- The carrying value of RetireAustralia was reviewed against market-based comparables and other benchmarks at 31 March 2025 to estimate the fair value of Infratil's investment. The current valuation implies a price to book multiple of 0.74x
- Key valuation methodologies and assumptions underpinning current independent valuations are summarised on the following pages

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
CDC	\$4,419.7	\$7,248.5
One NZ	\$3,530.5	\$3,713.5
Fortysouth	\$195.2	\$186.3
Kao Data	\$556.2	\$701.6
Manawa Energy	\$728.0	\$788.8
Longroad Energy	\$1,952.0	\$2,111.9
Galileo	\$240.7	\$326.0
Gurīn Energy	\$237.1	\$493.0
Mint Renewables	\$2.0	\$22.8
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	\$606.7	\$689.3
Qscan Group	\$411.9	\$454.5
RetireAustralia	\$464.4	\$404.3
Wellington Airport	\$623.7	\$933.9
Clearvision Ventures	\$142.6	\$156.2
Property	\$98.4	\$73.1
Portfolio asset value	\$14,209.1	\$18,303.7
Wholly owned group net debt	(\$2,264.8)	(\$2,187.8)
Net asset value	\$11,944.3	\$16,115.9
Shares on issue (million)	832.6	968.1
Net asset value per share (pre fees)	\$14.35	\$16.65

^{1.} Price to book multiple calculated as equity value over net assets



Independent valuation summary - Digital

Independent valuation reports are prepared for Infratil's portfolio companies for the purpose of calculating the international portfolio incentive fee (for the international portfolios) and setting management long-term incentives for some portfolio companies

March 2025 valuation

CDC (48.17%) - A\$6,600m (NZ\$7,249m)

- **Primary valuation methodology:** Historical Transaction (with a cross check to DCF, comparable companies and precedent transactions)
- Forecast period: 30 years (2055)
- Enterprise value: A\$17,264m
- Equity value: A\$13,701m
- **Net debt:** A\$3,563m
- Risk free rate: 3.90%
- Asset beta: 0.575
- **Cost of equity:** 11.07% (blended rate) reflecting the assessed risk of the spectrum of CDC's activity, from operating data centres with contracted revenues through to developing projects without contracted revenues
- Terminal growth rate: 2.5%
- Long term EBITDAF margin: 83% (2055)
- Future capex reflects CDC's published development pipeline (valuation assumes no development beyond FY40)

March 2025 valuation

Kao Data (54.01%) - £310.6m (NZ\$701.6m)

- **Primary valuation methodology:** DCF using FCFE (with a cross check to comparable companies and precedent transactions)
- Terminal value methodology: Exit multiple
- Forecast period: 10.0 years (Mar-2034)
- Enterprise value: £690.0m
- Equity value: £575.0m
- Risk free rate: 5.18%
- **Asset beta:** 0.80
- Specific risk premium: 7.0%
- **Cost of equity:** 17.0% reflecting Kao Data intends to undertake a number of development projects across its data centre sites
- Terminal value multiple: 22.0x
- Capex assumes operating capacity increases ~150MW across existing and new sites with development occurring between FY26-FY34 (valuation assumes no development beyond FY34)

March 2025 valuation

One NZ (99.9%) - NZ\$3,713.5m

- Primary valuation methodology: DCF using FCFF on a sum of the parts basis (ServeCo & EonFibre) (with a cross check to comparable companies and precedent transactions). During the year there has been a change in the Independent Valuer of One NZ. The Independent Valuer has applied a different methodology of risk weighting cash flows rather than adding an Asset Specific Risk Premium (ASRP) to the WACC, resulting in a lower WACC for FY25
- Forecast period: 10 years (2035)
- **Enterprise value:** NZ\$5,156m (pre IFRS16 excluding lease liabilities of ~NZ\$932m)
- **Equity value:** NZ\$3,718m (IFT share NZ\$3,713.5m)
- Risk free rate: 4.56%
- Asset beta: 0.60 (ServeCo) & 0.475 (EonFibre)
- Weighted average cost of capital: 8.0% (ServeCo) & 7.2% (EonFibre)
- Terminal growth rate: 2.25%
- Long term capital expenditure: Expected to gradually decrease to ~11% of revenue (incl. spectrum) over the forecast period on a blended basis for ServeCo and EonFibre. Short-term capital intensity expected to be elevated driven by investment in T-One and 5G rollout



Independent valuation summary - Renewables

Independent valuation reports are prepared for Infratil's portfolio companies for the purpose of calculating the international portfolio incentive fee (for the international portfolios) and setting management long-term incentives for some portfolio companies

March 2025 valuation

Longroad (37.7%) - US\$1,209m (NZ\$2,112m)

- **Primary valuation methodology:** DCF using FCFE. Valuation approach consists of:
- A top-down approach (aggregate enterprise cashflows, including a terminal value); and
- Bottom-up valuation approach (DCF using FCFE for operating, under-construction, and near-term development projects², and a multiples approach for long-term development pipeline),
- Platform derived from the difference between top down and bottom-up valuations
- Forecast period: Top down: 30Y, Bottom up: 40Y (2065)
- Enterprise value: US\$7,125m
 Equity value¹: US\$3,745m
- Risk free rate: 4.6%
- Asset beta: top down 0.86
- **Cost of equity:** 13.9% top-down, 9.6% operating assets, 9.7% under construction, 10.2% near-term projects plus milestone discounts, 16.6% long-term pipeline plus milestone discounts
- Terminal growth rate: 2.5% (top-down, year 30)
- Near-term (3 years) development pipeline: 5,019MW
- Long-term development pipeline (5 years): 25,287MW
- Multiple for long-term development projects: US\$140/kW
- Platform value assessed around ~10% of total enterprise value

March 2025 valuation

Gurīn (95%) - US\$282.2m (NZ\$493.0m)

- Primary valuation methodology: valuation range based on two different methodologies:
- Income and asset-based approach: adopts a DCF using FCFE for more certain and near-term developments, probability weighted to account for development and construction risk and values less certain projects at cost
- Market and asset-based approach: using multiples of comparable companies/transactions (which includes platform value), applied to the development pipeline (probability weighted), considering projects only with a 50%+ probability
- Forecast period: ~33 years (2057)
- Equity value: US\$297m
- Risk free rate: 1.5%-6.2% based on 10 year govt bond yield of each country
- **Asset beta:** 0.35
- **Cost of equity:** 6.7% -12.4% (the discount rates used for each project are calculated with reference to each project's location)
- Terminal value: N/A (finite life assets)
- Multiples: US\$0.6-\$0.9m / MW (transaction), US\$0.7-1m / MW (trading)
- Discount for lack of marketability (DLOM): 11%

March 2025 valuation

Galileo (38%) - €172.4m (NZ\$326.0)

- Primary valuation methodology: Transaction multiples for more advanced projects and cost for entry-stage projects (DCF used for a single minor project)
- **Equity value:** €453.8m (€397.5m in December 2024)

- Risk free rate: n/a
- Asset beta: n/a
- Multiples for development projects that are 'ready to build' range from €50-400k/MW depending on country and technology type (i.e. solar, wind, or standalone battery storage)
- The valuer assigns a discount (~10-95%) to the multiple that it considers appropriate as the project moves towards 'ready to build' stage. For projects that are early to mid-stage of the development lifecycle, only a small percentage of the 'ready to build' value is captured with the majority of value being recognised as projects get close to 'ready to build' stage
- Platform premium of ~1% applied



- . Longroad Equity Value adjusted for committed but uncalled capital included in the independent valuation
- 2. Assets that are expected to achieve FNTP in the next three calendar years

March 2025 valuation

Wellington Airport (66%) - NZ\$933.9m

- **Primary valuation methodology:** DCF using FCFE (with a cross check to comparable companies and precedent transactions)
- Forecast period: 20 years (2045)
- Enterprise value: NZ\$2,121m
- **Equity value:** NZ\$1,415m (IFT share NZ\$933.9m)

Risk free rate: 4.50%

Asset beta: 0.600

Cost of equity: 9.85%

• Terminal growth rate: 3.5%

March 2025 valuation

RHCNZ (51.74%) - NZ\$688.7m

- Primary valuation methodology: DCF using FCFE (with a cross check to comparable companies and precedent transactions)
- Forecast period: 12 years (2037)
- Enterprise value: NZ\$1,770.8m
- Equity value: NZ\$1,331.2m (IFT share NZ\$688.7m)

Risk free rate: 4.2%

Asset beta: 0.67

Cost of equity: 11.7% (discrete period), 12.6% (terminal value)

• Terminal growth rate: 3.5%

March 2025 valuation

Oscan (57.16%) - A\$413.9m (NZ\$454.5m)

- **Primary valuation methodology:** DCF using FCFE (with a cross check to comparable companies and precedent transactions)
- Forecast period: 10 years (2035)
- Enterprise value: A\$1,007.5m
- Equity value: A\$724.1

• Risk free rate: 4.00%

Asset beta: 0.775

Cost of equity: 13.20%

• Terminal growth rate: 3.5%



Portfolio returns

Asset	Segment	Geography	Month of Initial Investment	Duration (years)	Total capital invested ¹ (NZD)	Total realised proceeds ² (NZD)	Total unrealised proceeds ³ (NZD)	Total value ⁴ (NZD)	IRR (NZD)
CDC	Digital Infrastructure	Australasia	September 2016	8.6	1,032	162	7,248	7,411	38.7%
One NZ	Digital Infrastructure	New Zealand	July 2019	5.7	2,852	1,203	3,714	4,917	21.5%
Kao Data	Digital Infrastructure	United Kingdom	August 2021	3.6	476	-	702	702	18.4%
Fortysouth	Digital Infrastructure	New Zealand	October 2022	2.4	212	6	186	192	(4.2%)
Clearvision Ventures	Digital Infrastructure	United States	March 2016	9.1	96	2	156	158	12.3%
Longroad Energy	Renewable Energy	United States	October 2016	8.4	781	308	2,112	2,420	55.2%
Manawa Energy ⁵	Renewable Energy	New Zealand	April 1994	31.0	395	1,542	789	2,331	17.3%
Gurīn Energy	Renewable Energy	Asia	July 2021	3.7	172	1	493	494	87.9%
Galileo	Renewable Energy	Europe	February 2020	5.1	151	-	326	326	41.2%
Mint Renewables	Renewable Energy	Australia	December 2022	2.3	22	-	23	23	4.1%
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	Healthcare	New Zealand	May 2021	3.8	473	63	689	752	15.5%
Oscan Group	Healthcare	Australia	December 2020	4.3	328	46	455	500	10.9%
RetireAustralia	Healthcare	Australia	December 2014	10.3	365	35	404	439	2.2%
Wellington Airport	Airports	New Zealand	November 1998	26.4	96	641	934	1,575	17.4%
Infratil Property	Other	New Zealand	December 2007	17.3	94	104	73	178	9.3%

Notes:

- 1. Total capital invested is equal to the sum of all capital invested by Infratil into the asset during the holding period, and consists of initial capital contributions, shareholder loan contributions, capital calls, and acquisition of management shares vesting under LTI schemes
- 2. Total realised proceeds is equal to the sum of all distributions received by Infratil during the holding period and consists of capital returns, shareholder loan interest payments, shareholder loan principal payments, dividends, and subvention payments.
- 3. Total unrealised proceeds is equal to the valuation of Infratil's stake in each of its assets. These valuations are aligned to Infratil asset values as summarised on page 38
- 4. Total value is equal to total realised proceeds plus total unrealised proceeds
- 5. A non-cash benefit equal to the value of Infratil's share of Tilt on split from Trustpower has been recognised in Total realised proceeds for Manawa to capture the value of the embedded option within Manawa



Incentive fees

Incentive fee overview

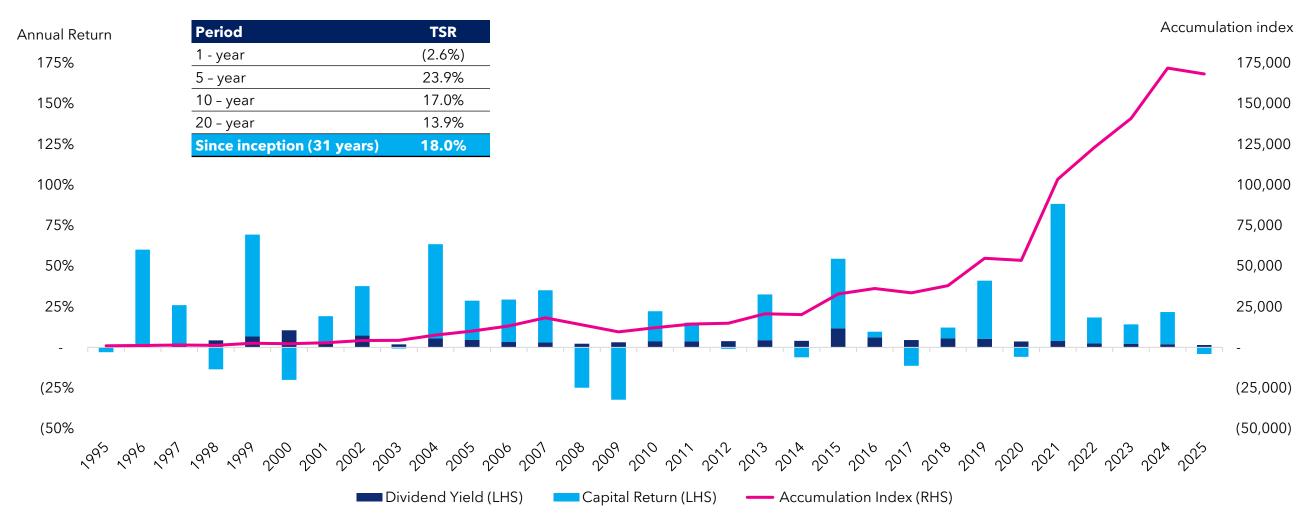
31 March (\$millions)	FY24 Incentive Fee Valuation	Capital	FX	Distributions	Hurdle	FY25 Incentive Fee Valuation	Incentive Fee
Annual Incentive Fee							
CDC	4,399.3	(494.2)	-	24.1	(543.3)	7,212.2	359.9
Kao Data	550.7	(82.9)	(8.3)	-	(70.2)	694.5	(3.5)
Longroad Energy	1,503.1	(163.4)	(2.6)	-	(185.2)	1,728.2	(25.2)
Galileo	237.1	(41.9)	-	-	(30.1)	321.1	2.4
Gurīn Energy	233.5	(67.5)	(4.3)	0.6	(31.3)	485.6	29.9
RetireAustralia	454.1	-	-	5.2	(54.3)	404.2	(19.8)
Qscan	407.8	-	-	43.6	(48.9)	450.0	7.4
Initial Incentive Fee							
Mint Renewables		(21.8)	-	-	(3.1)	22.6	(0.5)
	7,785.6	(871.7)	(15.2)	73.5	(966.4)	11,318.6	350.6

- The net incentive fee accrual for 31 March 2025 is \$350.6 million
- Valuations for the purposes of the incentive fee are calculated net of estimated costs of disposal and any potential capital gains taxes



Total shareholder returns

Total shareholder return of (2.6%) for the year to 31 March 2025 and a 18.0% return over 31 years



Infratil

The accumulation index assumes that \$1,000 was invested in Infratil's IPO and that an investor reinvests all dividends at the time of receipt and participates in any equity raises or rights offerings so that they neither take any money out or invest any new money into Infratil

^{2.} Accumulated dividends represent the total value of dividends received by the investor

Proportionate capital expenditure and EBITDAF

Proportionate capital expenditure

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
CDC	\$291.8	\$928.2
One NZ	\$261.4	\$269.3
Fortysouth	\$3.1	\$4.8
Kao Data	\$58.8	\$82.8
Manawa Energy	\$33.6	\$26.5
Longroad Energy	\$825.5	\$805.6
Gurīn Energy	\$60.0	\$39.5
Galileo	\$42.7	\$52.6
Mint Renewables	\$1.1	\$0.5
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	\$26.1	\$25.3
Qscan Group	\$16.0	\$13.1
RetireAustralia	\$50.9	\$62.8
Wellington Airport	\$42.2	\$77.5
Proportionate Capital Expenditure	\$1,713.2	\$2,388.5

- Proportionate capital expenditure shows Infratil's share of the investment spending of investee companies.
- Proportionate EBITDAF shows Infratil's share of the earnings of the companies in which it invests. Proportionate EBITDAF is shown from continuing operations and includes corporate and management costs, however, excludes incentive fees, transaction costs and contributions from businesses sold, or held for sale.

Proportionate EBITDAF

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	Share	2024	2025
CDC	48.2%	\$140.8	\$173.9
One NZ	99.9%	\$545.5	\$604.0
Fortysouth	20.0%	\$11.5	\$13.6
Kao Data	54.0%	(\$2.3)	\$4.9
Manawa Energy	51.1%	\$74.1	\$46.6
Longroad Energy	37.2%	\$33.4	\$27.3
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	51.8%	\$58.1	\$63.2
Qscan Group	57.2%	\$40.6	\$48.7
RetireAustralia	50.0%	\$12.1	\$21.6
Wellington Airport	66.0%	\$70.7	\$86.1
Corporate & other		(\$76.5)	(\$103.5)
Operational EBITDAF		\$908.0	\$986.4
Galileo	38.0%	(\$15.2)	(\$26.7)
Gurīn Energy	95.0%	(\$21.9)	(\$32.0)
Mint Renewables	73.0%	(\$6.8)	(\$9.9)
Development EBITDAF		(\$43.9)	(\$68.6)
Total continuing operations		\$864.1	\$917.8
Trustpower Retail business	51.1%	(\$0.3)	-
Total		\$863.8	\$917.8



Infratil direct investment

- This investment is either used to acquire new assets, increase holdings in existing assets, or used by investee companies to invest into capital projects, pay their operational expenses, or to pay down debts
- Capital contributed to CDC to better position the business for its next stage of growth as it delivers on 382MW of capacity currently under construction
- Investment into Kao Data is primarily to support the development of its Harlow data centre facility
- Longroad equity injections have been used to support new projects as they reach full notice to proceed and begin construction
- Capital invested into RHCNZ was to support doctor liquidity and growth in the platform
- Investment into Gurin Energy, Galileo, and Mint Renewables is used to support
 platform growth and investment into capital projects and to support the growth of
 capability within the assets

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
CDC	\$35.1	\$494.2
One NZ	\$1,800.0	\$20.9
Kao Data	\$156.2	\$82.9
Fortysouth	-	-
Longroad Energy	\$96.2	\$163.4
Gurīn Energy	\$55.8	\$67.5
Galileo	\$39.6	\$41.9
Mint Renewables	\$5.7	\$11.7
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	-	\$48.1
Qscan	\$17.8	-
Clearvision	\$18.8	\$8.0
Infratil direct investment	\$2,225.2	\$938.6



Infratil wholly owned group cash flow

- This table reflects the Infratil wholly owned group's cash flow and serves as a reconciliation between Infratil's opening and closing cash balances
- The breakdown of distributions received and capital invested by asset are provided in the Detailed Financial information & Operating Metrics tables that are released alongside this presentation
- International Portfolio Incentive fees paid during the period include FY2024 initial incentive fee of \$38.4 million, Tranche 1 of the FY2024 annual incentive fee (\$30.4 million), Tranche 2 of the FY2023 annual incentive fee (\$54.6 million), Tranche 3 of the FY2022 annual incentive fee (\$33.2 million), \$50 million of which were paid in scrip to Infratil's Manager

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
Distributions received from portfolio companies	\$231.6	\$258.0
Management fees	(\$86.2)	(\$108.7)
Net interest	(\$110.9)	(\$115.1)
Other corporate operating cash flows	(\$7.0)	(\$30.2)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	\$27.5	\$4.0
Infratil direct investment	(\$2,225.2)	(\$938.6)
Other investment costs	(\$14.0)	(\$16.3)
Incentive fees paid	(\$102.2)	(\$106.8)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	(\$2,341.4)	(\$1,061.7)
Dividends paid	(\$154.3)	(\$124.1)
Net bond issuance	\$155.1	\$170.0
Debt drawdown/(repayment)	\$811.0	(\$194.4)
Equity raised	\$928.1	\$1,258.8
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing cashflows	\$1,739.9	\$1,110.3
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(\$574.0)	\$52.7
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	\$593.2	\$19.2
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(\$574.0)	\$52.7
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$19.2	\$71.9



Earnings reconciliation

- Proportionate EBITDAF is an unaudited non-GAAP ('Generally Accepted Accounting Principles') measure of financial performance, presented to provide additional insight into management's view of the underlying business performance
- Proportionate EBITDAF is shown from continuing operations and includes corporate and management costs, however, excludes incentive fees, transaction costs and contributions from businesses sold, or held for sale
- Specifically, in the context of operating businesses, Proportionate EBITDAF provides a metric that can be used to report on the operations of the business (as distinct from investing and other valuation movements)

Year ended 31 March (\$Millions)	2024	2025
Net profit after tax ('NPAT')	761.0	(261.3)
Less: Associates ¹ equity accounted earnings	(144.2)	(505.0)
Plus: Associates ¹ proportionate EBITDAF	217.7	213.7
Less: minority share of subsidiary ² EBITDAF	(193.9)	(182.8)
Plus: share of acquisition or sale-related transaction costs	24.6	15.5
Plus: one-off restructuring costs (including Fibreco)	13.5	7.6
Net loss/(gain) on foreign exchange and derivatives	56.4	69.4
Net realisations, revaluations and impairments	(998.7)	110.9
Discontinued operations	0.4	-
Underlying earnings	(263.2)	(532.0)
Plus: Depreciation & amortisation	558.6	624.9
Plus: Net interest	366.7	428.8
Plus: Tax	74.2	49.2
Plus: International Portfolio Incentive fee	127.8	346.9
Proportionate EBITDAF	864.1	917.8



Portfolio company debt

- Gearing and credit metrics are monitored across the portfolio in aggregate and at the individual portfolio company level
- One NZ, Welington Airport and Oscan completed full refinancing of debt packages in the period, upsizing debt capacity and securing improved commercial terms
- As previously signalled, CDC completed a A\$900 million capital raise in December 2024 and will require additional equity from shareholders over the next 12 months to fund its accelerated growth while maintaining disciplined capital management and credit metrics
- EBITDAF based leverage metrics not appropriate for Longroad, RetireAustralia and Kao Data based on industry segment and current operating models
- In addition to the below metrics, Wellington Airport maintains a BBB S&P credit rating (stable outlook)
- Exposure to interest rates is monitored across each portfolio company and managed within approved treasury policy limits
- 89% of drawn debt was hedged on a fixed rate basis as at 31 March 2025

31 March 2025	Gearing ¹	Net Debt / EBITDA ²	% of drawn debt hedged³
CDC ⁴	19.7%	9.5	110%
One NZ	27.9%	3.0	72%
Fortysouth	44.7%	13.9	87%
Kao Data	16.0%	n/a	111%
Manawa Energy	24.5%	5.9	67%
Longroad Energy ⁵	25.4%	n/a	91%
Galileo ⁶	-	n/a	n/a
Gurīn Energy ⁷	-	n/a	n/a
Mint Renewables ⁸	-	n/a	n/a
RHCNZ Medical Imaging	24.7%	3.7	78%
Oscan Group	28.4%	3.9	60%
RetireAustralia	25.3%	n/a	69%
Wellington Airport	33.6%	5.5	78%
Value Weighted Average of Portfolio Companies ⁹	23.6%		89%

- 1. Gearing calculated as total net debt / total capital based on most recent independent valuations, listed equity value or book value at 31 March 2025
- 2. Unless otherwise stated EBITDAF definitions based on pre IFRS16 and allowable pro forma adjustments under financing arrangements for each Portfolio Company rounded to one decimal place
- 3. Calculated as floating rate drawn debt plus active 'pay fixed' interest rate swaps / total drawn debt as at 31 March 2025. CDC and Kao Data hedge positions reduced to 100% or below in Q1 FY26
- CDC leverage metric applies March 2025 run rate EBITDAF annualised and includes Shareholder Loans in Net Debt
- Longroad gearing calculation reflects holding company Net Debt position and excludes non-resource project financing, % of drawn debt hedged is based on non-recourse term debt but excludes construction and working capital facilities
- 6. 7. 8. Holding company Net Debt position, excludes non-recourse project finance borrowing
- P. Calculated based on IFT's value weighted, proportionate share of Total Net Debt / Total Capital across all portfolio companies

