

ANNUAL RESULTS TO 31 DECEMBER 2024 (FY24)



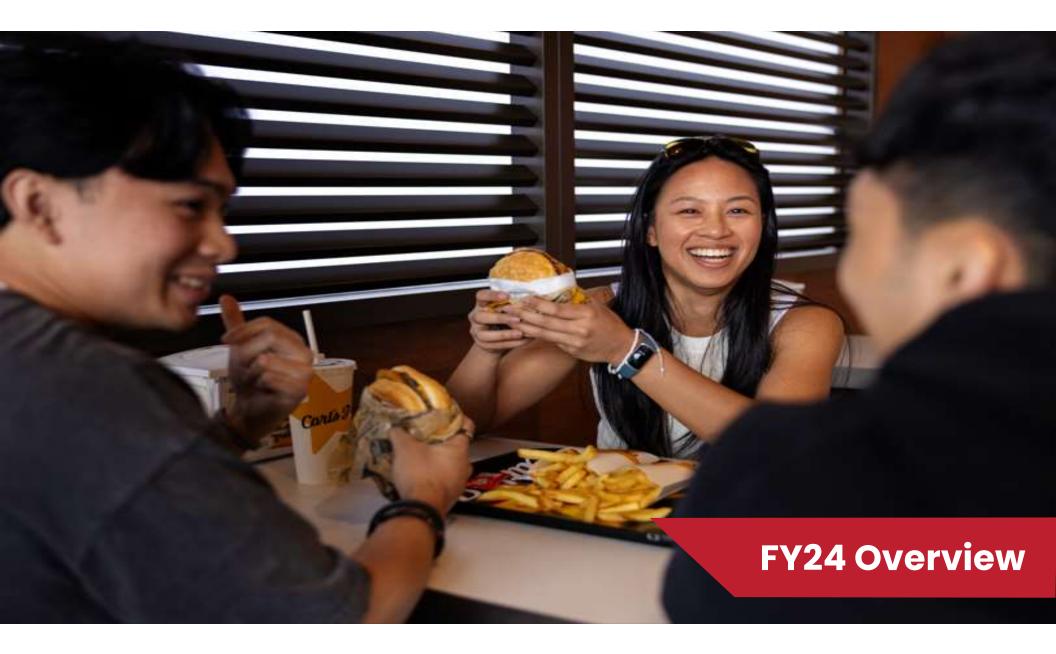
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27 February 2025

Presentation Outline



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Key Points



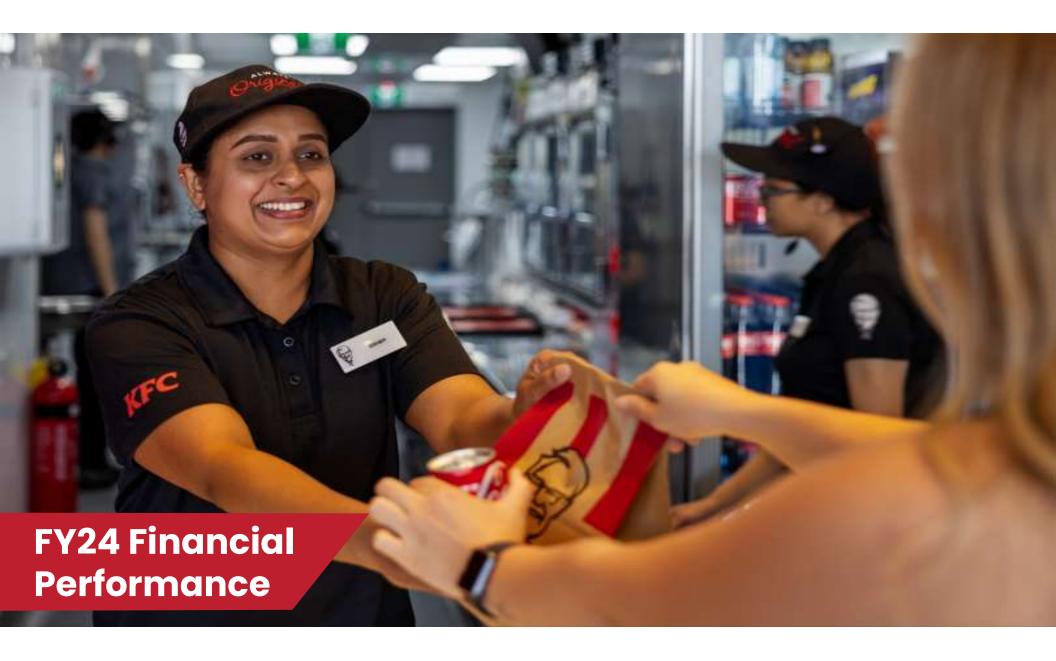
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY24 vs. FY23
Group Store Sales	\$1,239.0m	\$1,322.2m	\$1,393.6m	+5.4%
Reported NPAT	\$32.1m	\$16.3m	\$26.5m	+62.6%
• Store EBITDA	\$180.0m	\$178.4m	\$194.3m	+8.9%

- Store sales hit record high of \$1,394m, up \$71m (5.4%) on FY23.
- NPAT of \$26.5m, up \$10.2m (62.6%) on FY23.
- Store EBITDA up 8.9% at \$194m on margin recovery programme.

FY24 in review



- Despite challenging retail environment, sales reached another record high.
- Solid uplift in New Zealand and Hawaii sales from innovative new products and promotions.
- Australia recovery slowed by significant cost of living pressures on consumers.
- California margins impacted by a 29% increase in the minimum wage.
- Continued progress delivered against business improvement and innovation workstreams to ensure our systems and customer offering place the Group in a strong position for sustainable future growth.



NPAT increases on higher sales and margin initiatives

\$NZm	FY23	FY24	Change B/(W)
Store EBITDA *	178	194	16
Net G&A Expenses	58	56	2
	120	138	18
Other Expenses	6	8	(2)
Depreciation & Amortisation	58	61	(3)
Operating Profit Pre IFRS 16	56	69	13
IFRS 16 Adjustment	22	25	3
Operating Profit	78	94	16
Financing Expenses	56	57	(1)
Net Profit Before Tax	22	37	15
Taxation	6	10	(4)
Net Profit After Tax	16	27	11

* Pre-G&A, NZ IFRS 16 and Other (Income)/Expenses

Growth constrained in second half with consumers under cost of living pressures

\$NZm	FY24 1st Half	FY24 2nd Half	Change B/(W)
Store EBITDA *	95	99	4
Net G&A Expenses	29	27	2
	66	72	6
Other Expenses	3	5	(2)
Depreciation & Amortisation	30	31	(1)
Operating Profit Pre IFRS 16	33	36	3
IFRS 16 Adjustment	12	13	1
Operating Profit	45	49	4
Financing Expenses	28	29	(1)
Net Profit Before Tax	17	20	3
Taxation	4	6	(2)
Net Profit After Tax	13	14	1

* Pre-G&A, NZ IFRS 16 and Other (Income)/Expenses

Quarterly Trends – Recovery rate slowed with consumer's cost of living pressures



FY24 Store EBITDA %

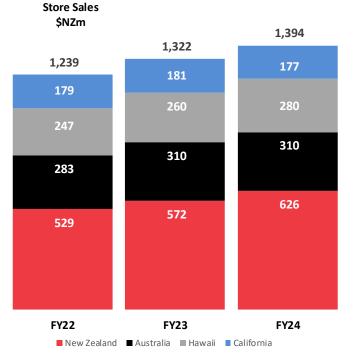






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Sales lift with margins growing strongly in New Zealand



FY22 FY23 FY24 ■ New Zealand ■ Australia ■ Hawaii ■ California

Carlis Jr.

Store EBITDA

\$NZm

Other Income and Expenses - Store impairment costs partly offset by insurance recoveries



\$NZm Pre-tax (Other Income)/Expenses

	FY23	FY24
Insurance recoveries	(4.7)	(0.9)
Legal settlement	1.2	0.3
Store impairments & closures	9.6	8.6
Net Other (Income)/Expenses	6.1	8.0

Investing cash flows reduced with focus on portfolio optimisation

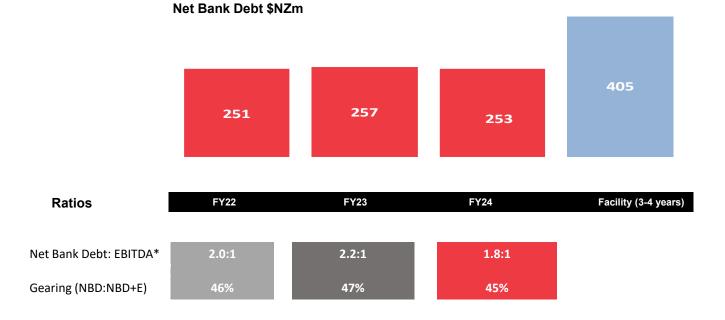


\$NZm	FY22	FY23	FY24
Operating Cash Flow (NZ IFRS 16 adjusted)	95 *	98 *	103 *
Investing Cash Flow	(92)	(85)	(53)
Free Cash Flow	3	13	50

* Adjusted for lease principal payments of \$32.0m (FY23 \$29.5m, FY22 \$27.0m) classified as financing activities under NZ IFRS 16

Net borrowings constant with debt repayments offset by FX movements. Healthy Debt:EBITDA ratio





* EBITDA excluding right of use asset lease costs (pre-NZ IFRS 16)

FY24 Regional Performance

New Zealand Operations









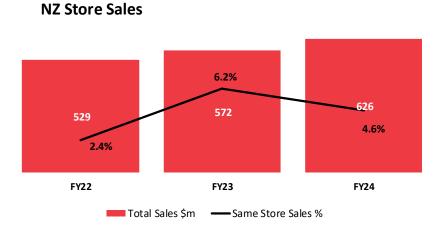
TACO BELL



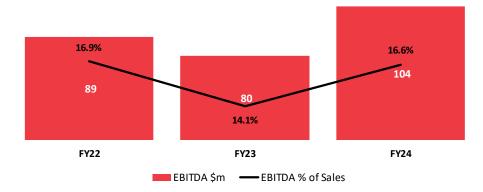
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NZ sales grow to record levels with KFC and Taco Bell same store sales growth and new stores. Margins improve on cost saving initiatives





NZ Store EBITDA



Australian Operations





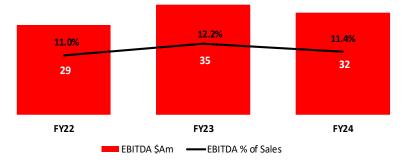
KFC A TACO BELL

Australian sales and margin impacted by continued cost of living pressures on consumers

Australia Store Sales



Australia Store EBITDA



Hawaiian Operations







Hawaii sales and margins continue to be strong





Hawaii Store Sales

Hawaii Store EBITDA



Californian Operations







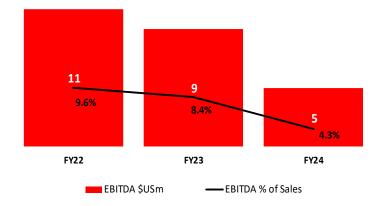
California adversely impacted by inflationary impacts on consumers and higher minimum wage





California Store Sales

California Store EBITDA



FY25 Expectations

- New Zealand to continue growing with similar new store builds. Hawaii to maintain strong position.
- Australia positioned to recover during second half of FY25 as inflationary pressures ease.
- California recovering with new innovation, digital channel growth and margin initiatives.
- Capex spend expected to continue at FY24 levels on mix of new stores, refurbishments and technology.





FY25 Outlook

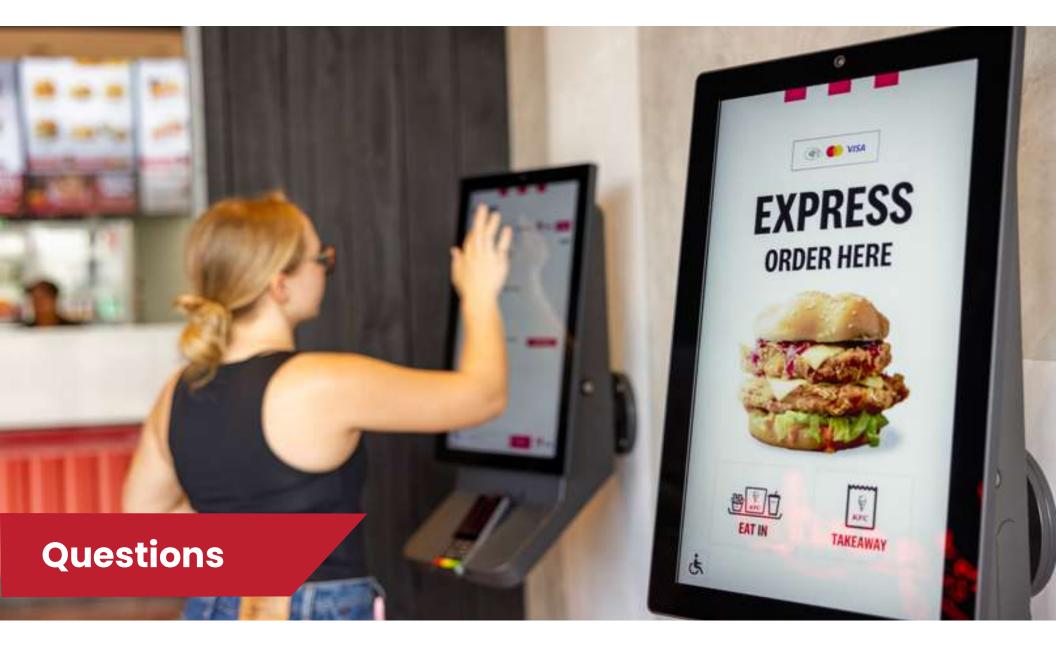


Dividend update

• Given the demands of the store development programme on the Group's capital resources and ongoing cost of living pressures on consumer's spending Directors believe it is in the best interests of the Group to retain cash in order to support growth and maintain funding flexibility, therefore the Directors have not deemed it appropriate to declare a final dividend payment for FY24.

Profit guidance

• No guidance at present given ongoing economic volatility in the markets.



Questions



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