



Restaurant Brands New Zealand Limited

Results Presentation

6 Months to 30 June 2022 (1H 22)

Russel Creedy - Group CEO

Grant Ellis - Group CFO

29 August 2022

Presentation Outline

- Key Points
- Results Overview
- New Zealand Operations
- Australia Operations
- Hawaii Operations
- California Operations
- Outlook
- Questions



Key Points

	1H 22 vs. 1H 21	1H 20	1H 21	1H 22
• Group Sales	+8%	\$383.4m	\$540.6m	\$584.9m
• Reported NPAT	-56%	\$11.2m	\$34.5m	\$15.3m
• Brand EBITDA	-4%	\$61.7m	\$88.1m	\$84.3m

- Continued sales growth across all divisions boosted by new store openings (and favourable exchange rate)
- COVID-19 continues to impact operations in all markets and in particular staff availability and supply chain
- Significant increases in input costs resulted in short term margin degradation as businesses struggled to recover costs
- Prior year NPAT comparison distorted by "one-offs" and adjustments including loan forgiveness of \$11.4m Hawaii PPP loan

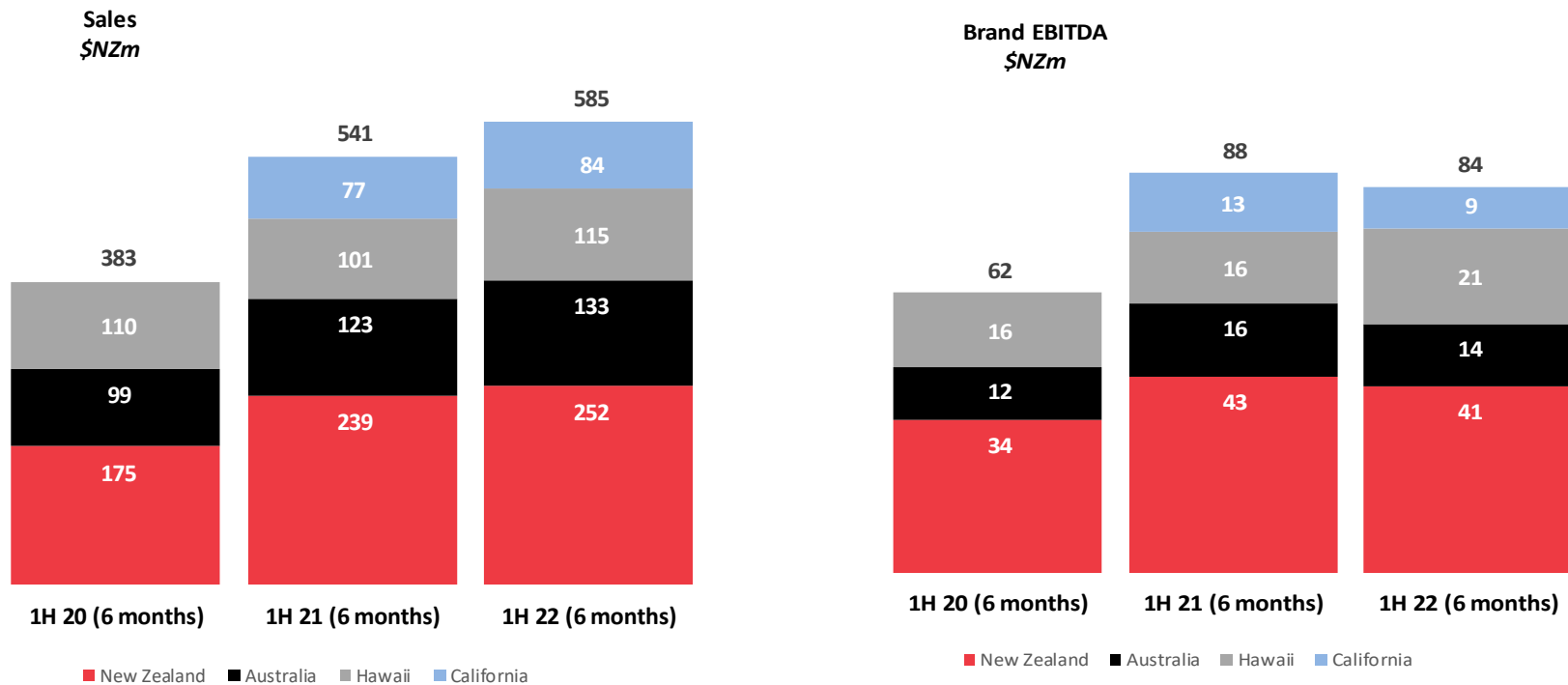
Whilst reported profit is down 56%, underlying brand EBITDA is only 5% down with “one-off” comparisons and non-cash items

<i>\$NZm</i>	1H 21	1H 22	Change B/(W)
Group EBITDA *	90	85	(5)
G&A Expenses	22	25	(3)
	68	60	(8)
Loan Forgiveness	(11)	-	(11)
Other Expenses	2	2	0
Depreciation & Amortisation	23	27	(4)
Operating Profit Pre IFRS 16	54	31	(23)
IFRS 16 Adjustment	8	9	1
Operating Profit	62	40	(22)
Financing Expenses	18	20	(2)
Net Profit Before Tax	44	20	(24)
Taxation	9	5	4
Net Profit After Tax	35	15	(20)

**pre G&A, NZ IFRS 16 and Other Expenses*

Results Overview

Sales up \$44m from acquisitions and store openings; however brand EBITDA down \$4m with COVID related staff shortages and inflationary pressures



Net “non-trading” items primarily ERP implementation costs

\$NZm (Pre tax)

	1H 21	1H 22
ERP implementation	1.2	3.4
Acquisition costs	0.7	0.1
Gain on acquisition	-	(0.9)
Sundry other income & expenses	(0.1)	-
Gain on sale Pizza Hut stores	(0.9)	-
US PPP Loan Forgiven	(11.4)	-
Net Other (Income)/Expense	(10.5)	2.6



**Operating cash flow down on prior year from cost pressures.
Investing cash flow lower with COVID related construction delays.**

\$NZm	1H 21	1H 22
Operating Cash Flow (adjusted) *	50	35
Investing Cash Flow	(53)	(34)
Free Cash Flow	(3)	1

**Adjusted for payments of lease interest classified as operating activities under NZ IFRS 16 of \$14.2m in 1H 21 and \$16.0m in 1H 22, and payments of lease costs excluded from operating activities under NZ IFRS 16 of \$26.3m in 1H 21 and \$29.3m in 1H 22.*

Net borrowings up on 2021 1H with ongoing new store construction and \$40m dividend paid in April, but ratios remain well within required limits

<i>\$NZm</i>	1H 21	1H 22
Net Debt	195	257
Net Debt:EBITDA*	1.4:1	2.1:1
Gearing (ND:ND+E)	42%	48%



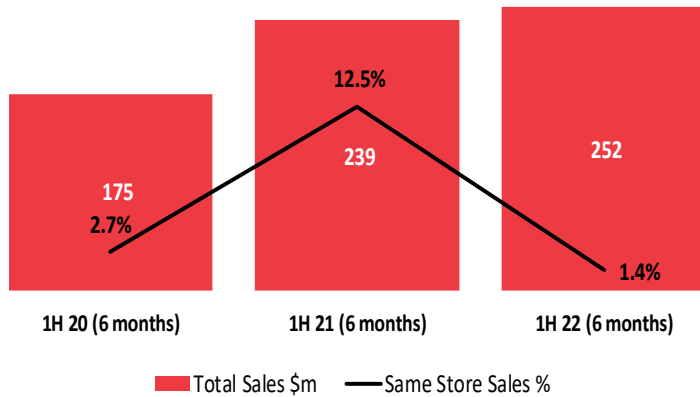
* EBITDA for rolling 12 months, including lease costs

New Zealand Operations

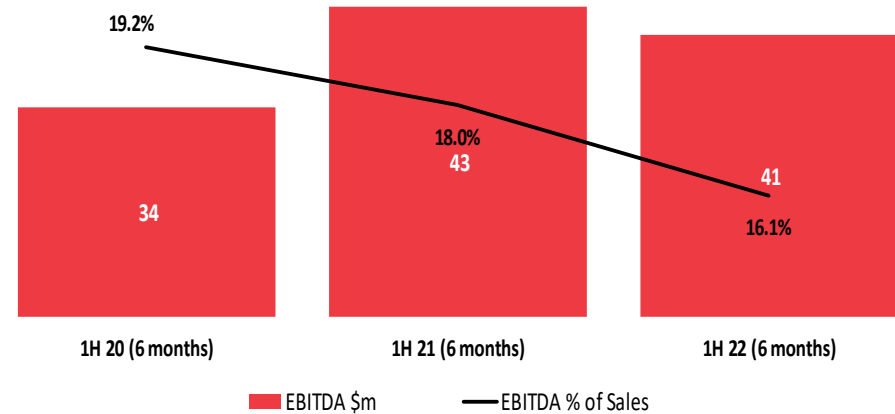


**NZ sales up against prior year with moderate same store sales growth.
EBITDA lower with COVID staff issues impacting on trading and cost pressures.**

NZ Sales



NZ EBITDA



Australia Operations

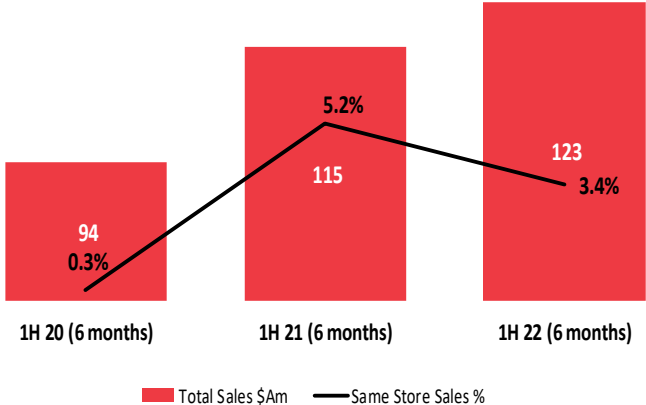


KFC
FINGER LICKIN' GOOD

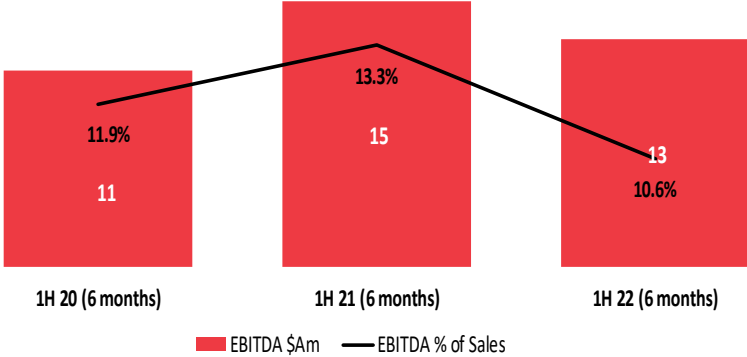

TACO BELL

**Australia business continues to grow with slow recovery in non-FSDT stores.
Margins down from COVID related staff shortages, inflation and new Taco Bell mix.**

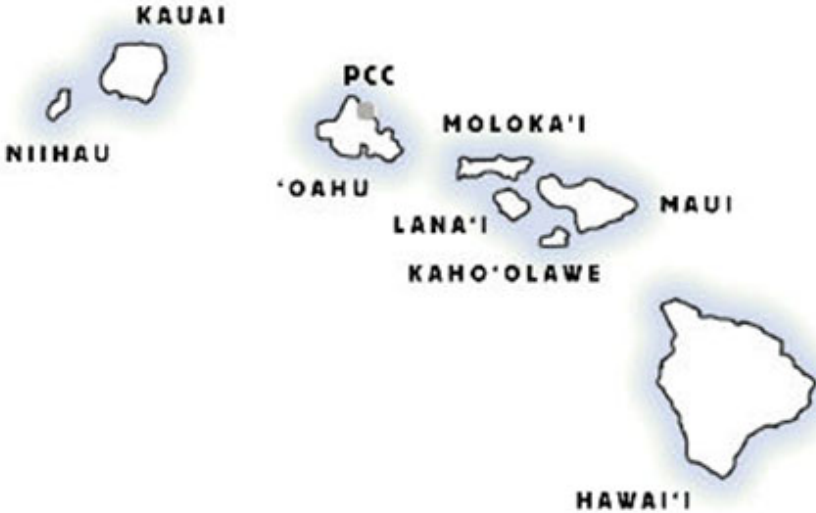
Australia Sales



Australia EBITDA

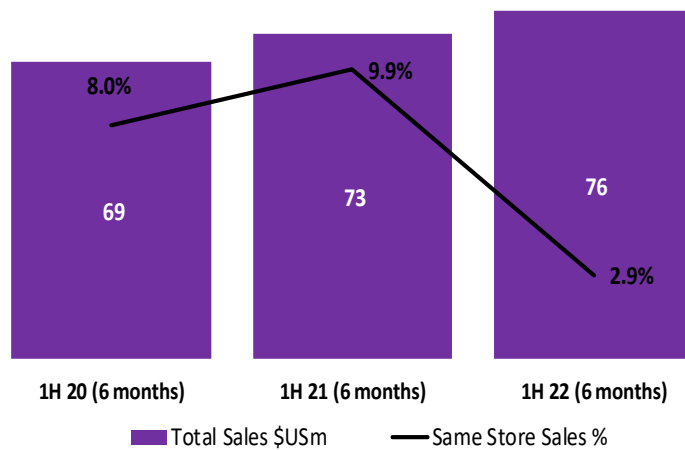


Hawaii Operations

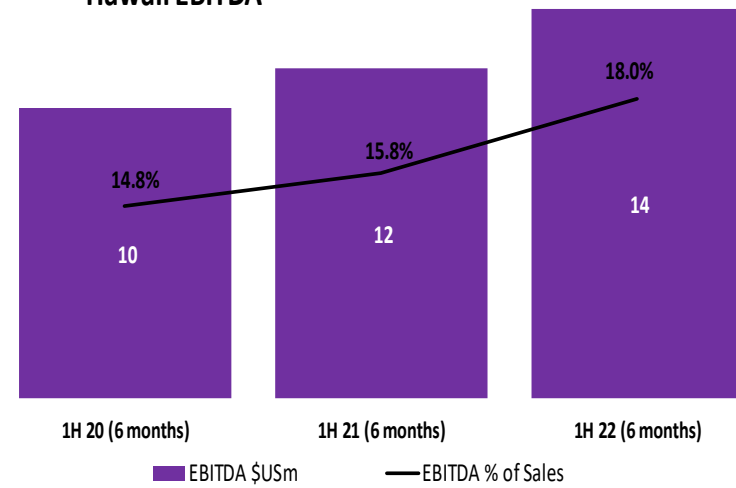


Hawaii margin growth driven by continuing improvement in Taco Bell post-COVID restrictions

Hawaii Sales



Hawaii EBITDA

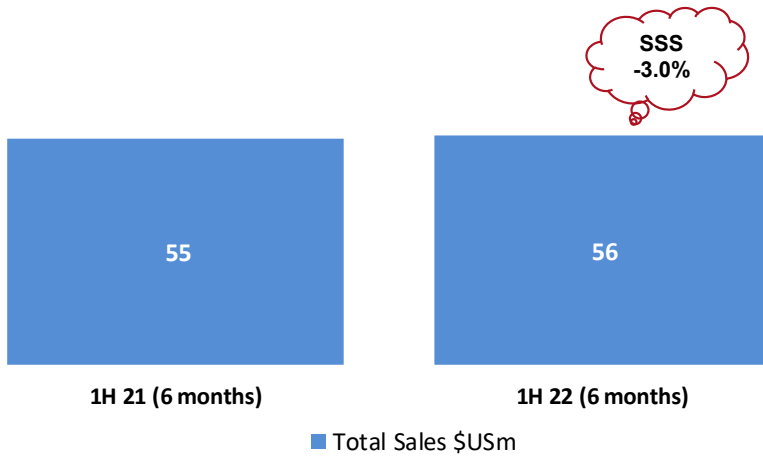


California Operations

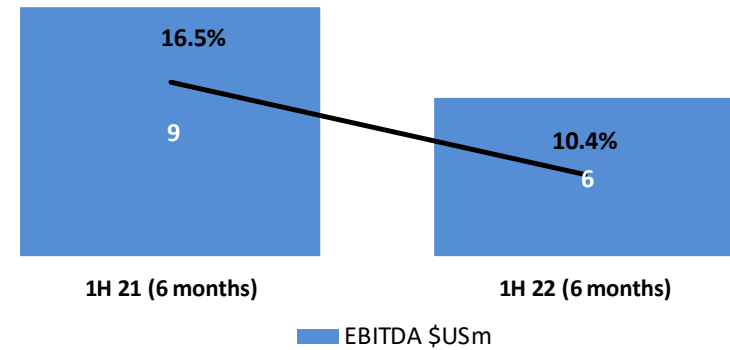


**New store sales offset the impact of rolling prior year stimulus payments.
Earnings adversely impacted by significant input cost inflation.**

California Sales



California EBITDA



Despite increased operating cost pressures. California built three new stores and acquired one other in 1H 2022. All are performing well against business case.



KFC Waterman

+18% on
business
case



KFC Perris

+45% on
business
case



KFC Barstow

+55% on
business
case



**Desert Hot Springs
(acquired)**

+5% on
business
case

Outlook

Despite a solid start to the year in terms of sales growth, the continued challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic and high inflation have adversely impacted 1H profitability.

However, Taco Bell store builds will continue in Australia and New Zealand (another five stores expected to open by year end). New KFC store openings will continue in New Zealand and California. Hawaii will continue focus on maintaining the refurbishment programme momentum.

Significant uncertainty continues with COVID-19 and high inflation. However, the company is confident in its ability to manage and recover input costs as the year progresses with some improvement already seen. Whilst the prevailing uncertainty makes it difficult to provide firm guidance, the company predicts a full year reported NPAT of \$32 to 37 million.

Questions

DISCLAIMER

The information in this presentation:

- Is provided by Restaurant Brands New Zealand Limited ("**RBD**") for general information purposes and does not constitute investment advice or an offer of or invitation to purchase RBD securities.
- Includes forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees or predictions of future performance. They involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond RBD's control, and which may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in this presentation.
- Includes statements relating to past performance which should not be regarded as reliable indicators of future performance.
- Is current at the date of this presentation, unless otherwise stated. Except as required by law or the NZX and ASX listing rules, RBD is not under any obligation to update this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.
- Should be read in conjunction with RBD's unaudited consolidated financial statements for the 6 months ending 30 June 2022 and NZX and ASX market releases.
- Includes non-GAAP financial measures including "EBITDA". These measures do not have a standardised meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore may not be comparable to similar financial information presented by other entities. However, they should not be used in substitution for, or isolation of, RBD's audited consolidated financial statements. We monitor EBITDA as a key performance indicator and we believe it assists investors in assessing the performance of the core operations of our business.
- Has been prepared with due care and attention. However, RBD and its directors and employees accept no liability for any errors or omissions.
- Contains information from third parties RBD believes reliable. However, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.